





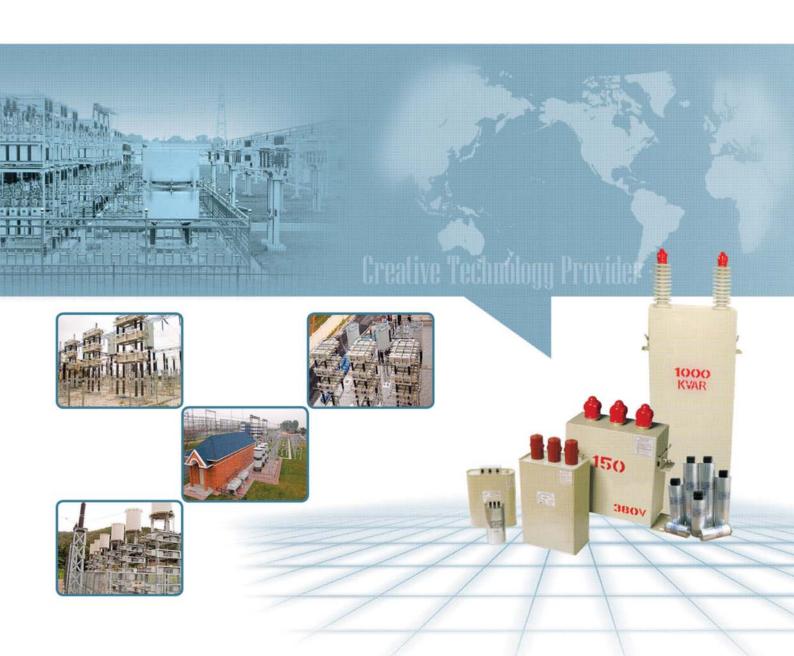




# SAMWHA

www.kepco.co.kr/trustedpartner NO. 2013-KTP-56-TR

www.samwha.com | www.samwha.com/fc







#### Samwha Capacitor Co., Ltd.

The Symbol 'Samwha' Means 'Toward Better Future'
The inner circle denotes the SAMWHA spirit for Advanced Technology Development.
And the outer circle shows the intention of Samwha to Extend Toward the World.





Samwha Thailand

Samwha Electronics

Korea JCC

Samwha Europe Gmbh

Samwha India

PT.SAMCON

Qingdao Samwha Electronics

Samwha Enterprise

Samwha Hongkong

Samwah Electric

Samwha Tecom

Samwha Trading

Tianjin Samwha Hi-Tech Intl

Tianjin Samwha Electric

PT.SI

Samwha U.S.A

Samwha Poland

# History

1950	1956.08.	Ohan Industry founded
1960	1963.10.	Company name changed into Samwha Electrical Industry, Inc.  Began production of High Voltage & Low Voltage Power Capacitor at first in Korea
	1964.04. 1968.08.	Began Motor Capacitor production at first in Korea Company name changed to Samwha Capacitor
1970	1970.01. 1976.06. 1977.01. 1979.09.	Certified KS Mark for Low Voltage Power Capacitor at first in Korea [C4801 No.423] Listed on Stock Market and opened Initial Public Offering Certified KS Mark for High and Extra High Voltage Power Capacitor [C4802 No.1524 Certified KS Mark for Motor Capacitor [C4805 No.1827]
1980	1984.12. 1985.07.	Moved factory from Seoul to Yongin in Geanggido Began production of Multilayer Ceramic Capacitor
	1986.10.	Certified UL [E91154] and CSA [LR60366] for Disc Ceramic Capacitor [DCC] Certified UL [106435] for Film Motor Capacitor
	1987.02. 1987.07.	Established our own Research & Development Institute in Factory Certified TUV [R76500] for Microwave Oven Capacitor
1990	1992.02. 1999.10.	Began PTC Thermistor production Certified ISO 9003 for Quality Control System
	.000.70.	[KS A 3002–1992 / ISO9002–1987]
2000	2002.07.	Certified ISO 9002 for Quality Control System [KS A 9001–2001]
	2004.10.	Certified ISO14001 for Environment Management System [KS A 14001-2001]
	2006.10.	Certified ISO / TS 16949 for Quality Management System [ISO / TS 16949-2002]

## II. Main Products



- 1-1. Capacitor Unit
- 1) High Voltage Power Capacitor
  - A. Single Phase
  - B. Three Phase
- 2 Low Voltage Power Capacitor
  - A. Oil Type
  - B. Dry Type

#### 1-2. Capacitor Bank

- 1 Capacitor Bank
- A. Capacitor Bank
- B. Harmonic Filter Bank
- 2 Capacitor Bank Type
  - A. Cubicle Capacitor Bank
  - B. Open-rack Capacitor Bank
  - C. Pole Mounted Capacitor Bank
- (3) Capacitor Bank Protection
  - A. NVS [Neutral Voltage Sensor]
  - B. NCT [Neutral Current Transformer]

#### 1-3. SVC [Static Var Compensator]

#### 1-4. Special Capacitor

- 1 AC Harmonic Filter
- 2 Zero Sequence Filter(ZSF)
- 3 Hybrid Harmonic Filter(HHF)
- 4 L-C Complex Harmonic Filter(LCF)
- (5) Active Power Harmonic Filter(APF)
- ⑥ Intelligent Var Compensator(IVC)
- 7 Low Frequency Induction Furnace Capacitor **8** Water Cooling Capacitor
- 9 Surge Absorbing Capacitor
- 10 Grounding Capacitor
- 11) Pulse Power Capacitor

#### 2. Disc Ceramic Capacitor [DCC]

3. EMI Filter

4. Multilayer Ceramic Capacitor [MLCC]

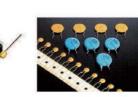
















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## 1. Capacitor

#### > Application

The capacitors are designed for power factor correction and Harmonic filtration in power network. They are all-film dielectric and impregnated with an environmentally friendly, Non-PCB biodegradable insulating oil.

In addition each capacitor is provided with an internal discharge resistor.

All SAMWHA capacitors comply with most national and international capacitor standards.

Capacitor benefits to

- Improve Power Factor
- · Reduce Line Losses
- · Decrease Voltage Drop

Through that it helps greater Energy Efficiency

#### > Product Scope

Power Range Single Phase 25kvar to 1000kvar

Three Phase 50kvar to 500kvar

Voltage Range Single Phase 1000V to 22000V

Three Phase 1000V to 11000V

• Frequency 50Hz / 60Hz

· Applicable Standards IEC, ANSI / IEEE, NEMA



#### > Technical Data

Capacitor Loss	0.2W/kvar	or Less with Internal fuse
[Under Stabilized Condition]	0.15W/kva	r or Less without Internal fuse
Ambient Temperature	-40°C / A	[+40°], B [+45°], C [+50°], D [+55°]
		Un + 10% [up to 12 hours daily]
May avanualtage	11	U <sub>N</sub> + 15% [up to 30 minutes daily]
Max overvoltage	Umax	U <sub>N</sub> + 20% [up to 5 minutes]
		U <sub>N</sub> + 30% [up to 1 minute]
Max overcurrent	ls	1.3 × ln
Painting Color	Munsell No	o. 5Y 7/1
Reference Standard	IEC 60871	

#### > Bushings Characteristics

DII [IA/]	Creepage		Total	60Hz W	Weight	
BIL [kV]	Distance [mm]	Distance [mm]	Height [mm]	Dry Test [kV]	Wet Test [kV]	[kg]
60	191	109.2	188.1	60	45	0.87
75	191	109.2	188.1	60	45	0.87
95	318	162.6	235.6	70	55	1.23
150	438	193.0	266.8	80	60	1.75
175	635	223.5	287.9	90	70	2.14
200	720	302.4	388.9	100	80	2.79

<sup>\*</sup> The standard terminal sieze is M12, but M16 could be applied according to rated voltage.

<sup>\*</sup> Same Bushing is used on 60 and 75kV BIL of capacitor units.

<sup>\*</sup> Bird Cap and Parallel-groove connector with all bushings are supplied, and it is applicable to Copper or Aluminum conductor [14~100m² 2line]

<sup>\*</sup> Applied bushing could be changed by special requirements



## 1-1 High Voltage Power Capacitor

### **1** Single Phase Capacitor

#### > Insulation Level 36kV [50/150]

#### · Capacitor without Internal Fuse

System Voltage [V]

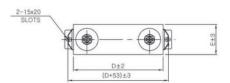
33000, 30000

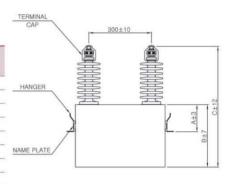
Capacitor Rated Voltage [V]

19050/9530, 17320/8660

#### Rated Power [kvar]

Capacity		Dim	ension [	mm]		Weight
[kvar]	Α	В	С	D	Е	[kg]
100	130	260	530	430	145	27
200	130	430	700	430	145	42
300	180	580	850	430	145	55
400	220	630	900	430	175	69
500	220	760	1030	430	175	82
600	220	880	1150	430	175	94
700	220	1030	1300	430	175	109
800	220	1180	1450	430	175	123
900	220	1200	1470	430	175	126
1000	220	1280	1550	430	175	134





#### · Capacitor with Internal Fuse

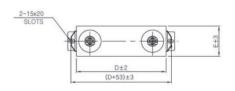
System Voltage [V]

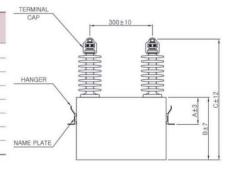
33000, 30000

Capacitor Rated Voltage [V]

9530, 8660

Capacity		Dim	ension [	mm]		Weight
[kvar]	Α	В	С	D	Е	[kg]
300	220	630	900	430	145	59
400	220	830	1100	430	145	76
500	220	830	1100	430	175	89
600	220	980	1250	430	175	104
700	220	1130	1400	430	175	120
800	220	1160	1430	430	175	123
900	220	1300	1570	430	175	138
1000	220	1430	1700	430	175	151





<sup>\*</sup> Single-Bushing Capacitor also could be provided.

<sup>\*</sup> Applied bushing could be changed by special requirements [See Table under Bushing Characteristics]

<sup>\*</sup> Approximate dimensions and weights are given above. Please contact to factory for exact dimensions of a particular unit before order.

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## 1-1 High Voltage Power Capacitor

### **1** Single Phase Capacitor

#### > Insulation Level 24kV [50/125]

#### · Capacitor without Internal Fuse

System Voltage [V]

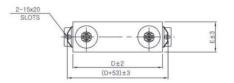
24000

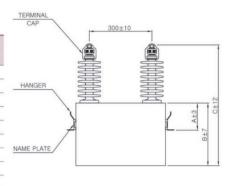
Capacitor Rated Voltage [V]

13860/6930

#### Rated Power [kvar]

Capacity		Dim	ension [	mm]		Weight
[kvar]	Α	В	С	D	Е	[kg]
100	130	260	530	430	145	28
200	130	430	700	430	145	42
300	180	600	870	430	145	57
400	220	660	930	430	175	72
500	220	800	1070	430	175	87
600	220	960	1230	430	175	102
700	220	1080	1350	430	175	115
800	220	1130	1400	430	175	120
900	220	1160	1430	430	175	123
1000	220	1260	1530	430	175	134





#### · Capacitor with Internal Fuse

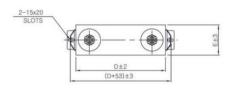
System Voltage [V]

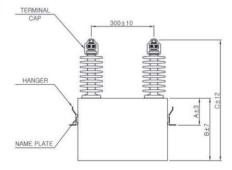
24000

Capacitor Rated Voltage [V]

13860/6930

Capacity		Dimension [mm]							
[kvar]	Α	В	С	D	Е	[kg]			
200	180	600	870	430	115	47			
300	220	660	930	430	145	62			
400	220	860	1130	430	145	79			
500	220	860	1130	430	175	93			
600	220	1030	1300	430	175	111			
700	220	1180	1450	430	175	126			
800	220	1200	1470	430	175	130			
900	220	1260	1530	430	175	135			
1000	220	1400	1670	430	175	149			





<sup>\*</sup> Single-Bushing Capacitor also could be provided.

<sup>\*</sup> Applied bushing could be changed by special requirements [See Table under Bushing Characteristics]

<sup>\*</sup> Approximate dimensions and weights are given above. Please contact to factory for exact dimensions of a particular unit before order.



## 1-1 High Voltage Power Capacitor

### **1** Single Phase Capacitor

#### > Insulation Level 17.5kV [38/95]

#### · Capacitor without Internal Fuse

System Voltage [V]

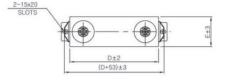
15000

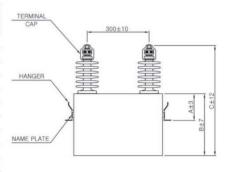
Capacitor Rated Voltage [V]

8660

#### Rated Power [kvar]

Capacity	y Dimension [mm]							
[kvar]	Α	В	С	D	Е	[kg]		
100	130	260	530	430	145	28		
200	130	430	700	430	145	42		
300	180	600	870	430	145	57		
400	220	660	930	430	175	72		
500	220	800	1070	430	175	87		
600	220	960	1230	430	175	102		
700	220	1080	1350	430	175	115		
800	220	1130	1400	430	175	120		
900	220	1160	1430	430	175	123		
1000	220	1260	1530	430	175	134		





#### · Capacitor with Internal Fuse

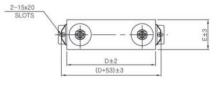
System Voltage [V]

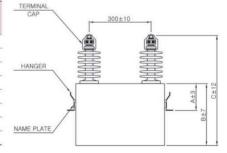
15000, 13800

Capacitor Rated Voltage [V]

8660, 7970

Capacity	city Dimension [mm]				Weight	
[kvar]	А	В	С	D	Е	[kg]
300	220	660	890	430	145	61
400	220	830	1060	430	145	75
500	220	830	1060	430	175	88
600	220	1000	1230	430	175	106
700	220	1160	1390	430	175	122
800	220	1200	1430	430	175	127
900	220	1300	1530	430	175	140
1000	220	1460	1690	430	175	153





<sup>\*</sup> Single-Bushing Capacitor also could be provided.

<sup>\*</sup> Applied bushing could be changed by special requirements [See Table under Bushing Characteristics]

<sup>\*</sup> Approximate dimensions and weights are given above. Please contact to factory for exact dimensions of a particular unit before order.

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## 1-1 High Voltage Power Capacitor

### **1** Single Phase Capacitor

#### > Insulation Level 12kV [28/75]

#### · Capacitor without Internal Fuse

System Voltage [V]

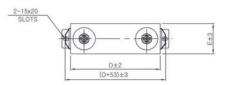
12000, 11000

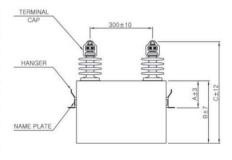
Capacitor Rated Voltage [V]

6930. 6350

#### Rated Power [kvar]

Capacity		Weight				
[kvar]	Α	В	С	D	Е	[kg]
100	130	260	445	430	145	27
200	130	430	615	430	145	42
300	180	580	765	430	145	55
400	180	630	815	430	175	69
500	220	780	965	430	175	84
600	220	930	1115	430	175	99
700	220	1060	1245	430	175	113
800	220	1180	1365	430	175	125
900	220	1200	1385	430	175	127
1000	220	1300	1485	430	175	134





#### · Capacitor with Internal Fuse

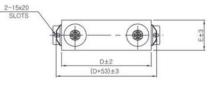
System Voltage [V]

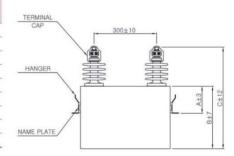
12000, 11000

Capacitor Rated Voltage [V]

6930, 6350

Capacity	Dimension [mm]						
[kvar]	Α	В	С	D	Е	[kg]	
200	180	580	765	430	115	45	
300	220	630	815	430	145	59	
400	220	830	1015	430	145	76	
500	220	830	1015	430	175	90	
600	220	980	1165	430	175	105	
700	220	1160	1345	430	175	123	
800	220	1180	1365	430	175	126	
900	220	1300	1485	430	175	135	
1000	220	1430	1615	430	175	148	





<sup>\*</sup> Single-Bushing Capacitor also could be provided.

<sup>\*</sup> Applied bushing could be changed by special requirements [See Table under Bushing Characteristics]

<sup>\*</sup> Approximate dimensions and weights are given above. Please contact to factory for exact dimensions of a particular unit before order.



## 1-1 High Voltage Power Capacitor

### **1** Single Phase Capacitor

#### > Insulation Level 7.2kV [20/60]

#### · Capacitor without Internal Fuse

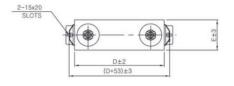
System Voltage [V]

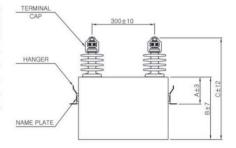
7200, 6600, 6300, 6000 **Capacitor Rated Voltage [V]** 

4160, 3800, 3640, 3460

#### Rated Power [kvar]

Capacity		Dim	Dimension [mm]							
[kvar]	Α	В	С	D	Е	[kg]				
100	130	260	445	430	145	27				
200	130	430	615	430	145	41				
300	180	560	745	430	145	52				
400	220	630	815	430	175	68				
500	220	760	945	430	175	81				





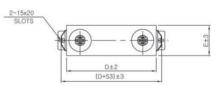
#### · Capacitor with Internal Fuse

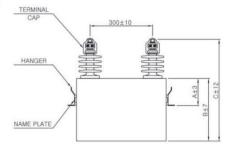
System Voltage [V]

7200, 6600, 6300, 6000 **Capacitor Rated Voltage [V]**4160, 3800, 3640, 3460

Capacity		Dimension [mm]							
[kvar]	А	В	С	D	Е	[kg]			
200	180	560	745	430	115	43			
300	220	630	815	430	145	57			
400	220	800	985	430	145	72			
500	220	800	985	430	175	85			

- \* Applied bushing could be changed by special requirements [See Table under Bushing Characteristics]
- \* Approximate dimensions and weights are given above. Please contact to factory for exact dimensions of a particular unit before order.





# Creative Echnology Provider



## 1-1 High Voltage Power Capacitor

#### **2** Three Phase Capacitor

#### > Insulation Level 12kV [28/75]

#### · Capacitor

System Voltage [V]

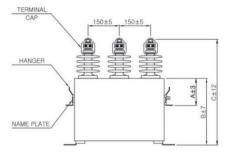
11000

Capacitor Rated Voltage [V]

11000

#### Rated Power [kvar]

Capacity		Weight				
[kvar]	Α	В	С	D	Е	[kg]
100	130	280	465	430	145	30
200	130	450	635	430	145	44
300	180	620	805	430	145	59
400	220	680	865	430	175	74
500	220	810	995	430	175	87



#### > Insulation Level 7.2kV [20/60]

#### · Capacitor

System Voltage [V]

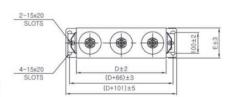
7200, 6600, 6000 6300,

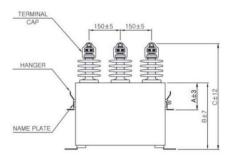
Capacitor Rated Voltage [V]

7200. 6600. 6300. 6000

Capacity		Weight				
[kvar]	А	В	С	D	Е	[kg]
100	130	280	465	430	145	29
200	130	420	605	430	145	41
300	180	600	785	430	145	56
400	220	620	805	430	175	67
500	220	790	975	430	175	83

- \* Applied bushing could be changed by special requirements [See Table under Bushing Characteristics]
- \* Approximate dimensions and weights are given above. Please contact to factory for exact dimensions of a particular unit before order.
- \* Brackets are optional







## 1-1 High Voltage Power Capacitor

### · Capacitor with NCS [Neutral Current Sensor]

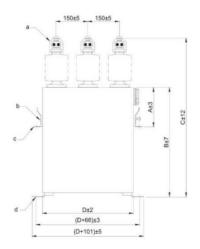
#### Rated Power [kvar]

Rated Voltage	Capacity		D	imension[m	m]		Approx. Weigh	
[V]	[kvar]	Α	В	С	D	Е	[kg]	
	150	190	320	505	430	145	30	
	200	190	380	565	430	145	35	
3300	300	190	510	695	430	145	46	
	400	220	640	825	430	145	57	
	500	220	640	825	430	175	67	
	150	190	340	525	430	145	32	
	200	190	410	595	430	145	38	
6000	300	190	550	735	430	145	50	
	400	220	690	875	430	145	62	
	500	220	690	875	430	175	73	
	150	190	320	505	430	145	30	
	200	190	380	565	430	145	35	
6300	300	190	510	695	430	145	47	
	400	220	630	815	430	145	57	
	500	220	620	805	430	175	68	
	150	190	330	515	430	145	31	
	200	190	390	575	430	145	36	
6600	300	190	520	705	430	145	47	
	400	220	640	825	430	145	58	
	500	220	650	835	430	175	68	
	150	190	330	515	430	145	31	
	200	190	400	585	430	145	37	
7200	300	190	540	725	430	145	48	
	400	220	660	845	430	145	59	
	500	220	670	855	430	175	70	

<sup>\*</sup> Applied bushing could be changed by special requirements [See Table under Bushing Characteristics]

Please contact to factory for exact dimensions of a particular unit before order.

<sup>\*</sup> Brackets are optional





- a: Bird cap(rubber)
- b : Name plate
- c: 2-15x20 slots
- d: 4-15x20 slots
- e: M12 x 1.75(Max Torque: 25Nm)
- f : Bus wire(14-100sq)
- g: Earth terminal(22sq max)

<sup>\*</sup> Approximate dimensions and weights are given above.





### 1 Oil Type

#### > Application

Capacitors are intended for the improvement of Power Factor in low voltage power networks.

Used advanced technology consists of metallized PP film with extremely low loss factor and dielectric system is self-healing.

The dielectric system is self-healing and biodegradable and environmentally friendly.

The capacitors have overpressure protection to disconnect it from the supply in the event of internal failure and at the end of its operational life.

The construction described above and the use of high quality materials ensure reliability and longevity.

Capacitor benefits to

- Improve Power Factor
- Reduce Line Losses
- · Decrease Voltage Drop

Through that it helps greater Energy Efficiency

#### > Product Scope

· Power Range 0.2kvar to 150kvar · Voltage Range 220V to 1000V 50Hz / 60Hz Frequency Applicable Standards IEC60831-1,2



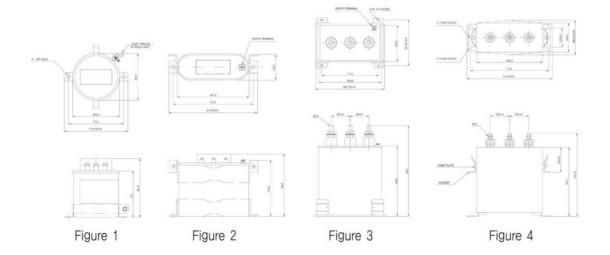
#### > Technical Data

Location	Indoor				
Capacitor Loss [Under stabilized Condition]	0.5W/k	var			
Ambient Temperature	-25°C /	/ A [+40°C], B [+45°C], C [+50°C], D [+55°C]			
Max overvoltage	Umax	U <sub>N</sub> + 10% [up to 8 hours daily] U <sub>N</sub> + 15% [up to 30 minutes daily] U <sub>N</sub> + 20% [up to 5 minutes] U <sub>N</sub> + 30% [up to 1 minute]			
Max overcurrent	Is	1.3 × I <sub>N</sub>			
Painting Color	Munsel	l No. 5Y 7/1			
Reference Standard	IEC 60831-1,2				

#### > 220V 50Hz Single Phase, Three Phase Capacitor

#### · Ratings and Dimensions

Ту	pe	Capa	acity	Curre	nt [A]			Dime	ension [r	nm]			
Single Phase	Three Phase	[µF]	[kvar]	Single Phase	Three Phase	F -1 - 17	T	E	3	W	F	D	Figure
						Single Phase	Three Phase	Single Phase	Three Phase				
QMM-220010S	QMM-220010T	10	0.2	0.7	0.4	(65)	65	(85)	85	63	77	63	
QMM-220015S	QMM-220015T	15	0.2	1.0	0.6	(65)	65	(85)	85	63	77	63	
QMM-220020S	QMM-220020T	20	0.3	1.4	0.8	(65)	65	(85)	85	63	77	63	
QMM-220030S	QMM-220030T	30	0.5	2.1	1.2	(65)	110	(85)	130	63	77	63	1
QMM-220040S	QMM-220040T	40	0.6	2.8	1.6	(65)	110	(85)	130	63	77	63	1
QMM-220050S	QMM-220050T	50	0.8	3.5	2.0	(110)	110	(130)	130	63	77	63	
QMM-220075S	QMM-220075T	75	1.1	5.2	3.0	(110)	110	(130)	130	63	77	63	
QMM-220100S	QMM-220100T	100	1.5	6.9	4.0	(110)	135	(155)	135	63	77	63	
SMS-22	20150ST	150	2.3	10.4	6.0	10	)5	12	25	170	190	60	
	20175ST	175	2.7	12.1	7.0	10	)5	12	25	170	190	60	
SMS-22	20200ST	200	3.0	13.8	8.0	10	)5	12	25	170	190	60	
SMS-22	20250ST	250	3.8	17.3	10.0	11	5	13	35	170	190	60	
SMS-22	20300ST	300	4.6	20.7	12.0	13	30		50	170	190	60	2
SMS-22	20400ST	400	6.1	27.6	16.0	15	55	17		170	190	60	2
SMS-22	20500ST	500	7.6	34.6	20.0	17		19		170	190	60	
SMS-22	20600ST	600	9.1	41.5	23.9	20	)5	22	25	170	190	60	
SMS-22	20700ST	700	10.6	48.4	27.9	25	55	27	75	170	190	60	
SMS-22	20750ST	750	11.4	51.8	29.9	25	55	27	75	170	190	60	
SMB-220800S	SMB-220800T	800	12.2	55.3	31.9	17		23		200	170	120	
SMB-220900S	SMB-220900T	900	13.7	62.2	35.9	17	70	23	35	200	170	120	3
SMB-221000S	SMB-221000T	1000	15.2	69.1	39.9	18	30	24	15	200	170	120	
SMB-225	0100KST	657.7	10	45.5	26.2	25	55	27	75	170	190	60	2
SMB-2250150KS	SMB-2250150KT	986.5	15	68.2	39.4	18	30	24	15	200	170	120	
SMB-2250200KS	SMB-2250200KT	1315.3	20	90.9	52.5	22	20	28	35	200	170	120	
SMB-2250250KS	SMB-2250250KT	1644.2	25	113.6	65.6	28		34		200	170	120	3
SMB-2250300KS	SMB-2250300KT		30	136.4	78.7	30		36		200	170	120	
	SMB-2250400KT		40	181.8	105.0	38		44		200	170	120	
	SMB-2250500KT		50	227.3	131.2	28		35		343	409	153	4(M12



<sup>\*</sup> Approximate dimensions and weights are given above. Please contact to factory for exact dimensions of a particular unit before order.





#### > 380V 50Hz Single Phase, Three Phase Capacitor

#### · Ratings and Dimensions

Ty	pe	Capa	acity	Curre	nt [A]			Dim	ension [n	nm]			
Single Phase	Three Phase	[µF]	[kvar]	Single Phase	Three Phase	Single Phase	Three Phase	E Single Phase	Three Phase	W	F	D	Figure
QMM-380010S	QMM-380010T	10	0.5	1.2	0.7	(65)	65	(85)	85	63	77	63	
QMM-380015S	QMM-380015T	15	0.7	1.8	1.0	(65)	110	(85)	130	63	77	63	
QMM-380020S	QMM-380020T	20	0.9	2.4	1.4	(65)	110	(85)	130	63	77	63	
QMM-380025S	QMM-380025T	25	1.1	3.0	1.7	(110)	110	(130)	130	63	77	63	1
QMM-380030S	QMM-380030T	30	1.4	3.6	2.1	(110)	110	(130)	130	63	77	63	
QMM-380040S	QMM-380040T	40	1.8	4.8	2.8	(110)	110	(130)	130	63	77	63	
QMM-380050S	QMM-380050T	50	2.3	6.0	3.4	(110)	135	(130)	155	63	77	63	
SMS-38	30075ST	75	3.4	9.0	5.2	1(	05	12	25	170	190	60	
SMS-38	30100ST	100	4.5	11.9	6.9	1(	05	12	25	170	190	60	
SMS-38	30150ST	150	6.8	17.9	10.3	13	30	15	50	170	190	60	
SMS-38	30200ST	200	9.1	23.9	13.8	15	55	17	75	170	190	60	2
SMS-38	30250ST	250	11.3	29.8	17.2	17	75	19	95	170	190	60	
SMS-38	30300ST	300	13.6	35.8	20.7	20	05	22	25	170	190	60	
SMS-38	30400ST	400	18.1	47.8	27.6	25	55	27	75	170	190	60	
SMB-380500S	SMB-380500T	500	22.7	59.7	34.5	18	30	24	45	200	170	120	3(M12
SMB-385	0100KST	220.4	10	26.3	15.2	15	55	17	75	170	190	60	2
SMB-385	0150KST	330.7	15	39.5	22.8	20	)5	22	25	170	190	60	
SMB-3850200KS	SMB-3850200KT	440.9	20	52,6	30.4	17	70	23	35	200	170	120	
SMB-3850250KS	SMB-3850250KT	551.1	25	65.8	38.0	18	30	24	45	200	170	120	
SMB-3850300KS	SMB-3850300KT	661.3	30	78.9	45.6	22	20	28	35	200	170	120	3(M12
SMB-3850400KS	SMB-3850400KT	881.7	40	105.3	60.8	28	30	34	45	200	170	120	
SMB-3850500KS	SMB-3850500KT	1102.2	50	131.6	76.0	34	40	4(	05	200	170	120	
SMB-3850750KS	SMB-3850750KT	1653.3	75	197.4	114.0	30	00	37	75	343	409	153	
SMF-3851000KS	SMF-3851000KT	2204.4	100	263.2	151.9	32	20	39	95	343	409	153	4(M12
SMF-3851500KS	SMF-3851500KT	3306.5	150	394.7	227.9	4	40	5	15	343	409	153	

#### > 400V 50Hz Single Phase, Three Phase Capacitor

#### · Ratings and Dimensions

		nm]	ension [n	Dime			nt [A]	Curre	acity	Capa	pe	Ту
D Fi	F	W	Three Phase	Single Phase	Three Phase	Single Phase	Three Phase	Single Phase	[kvar]	[µF]	Three Phase	Single Phase
63	77	63	130	(85)	110	(65)	0.7	1.3	0.5	10	QMM-400010T	QMM-400010S
63	77	63	130	(85)	110	(65)	1.1	1.9	0.8	15	QMM-400015T	QMM-400015S
63	77	63	130	(130)	110	(110)	1.5	2.5	1.0	20	QMM-400020T	QMM-400020S
63	77	63	155	(130)	135	(110)	1.8	3.1	1.3	25	QMM-400025T	QMM-400025S
63	77	63	155	(130)	135	(110)	2.2	3.8	1.5	30	QMM-400030T	QMM-400030S
63	77	63	155	(130)	135	(110)	2.9	5.0	2.0	40	QMM-400040T	QMM-400040S
63	77	63	25	12	5	10	3.6	6.3	2.5	50	0050ST	SMS-40
60	190	170	25	12	5	10	5.4	9.4	3.8	75	00075ST	SMS-40
60	190	170	0	15	0	13	7.3	12.6	5.0	100	0100ST	SMS-40
60	190	170	5	17	5	15	10.9	18.8	7.5	150	0150ST	SMS-40
60	190	170	5	19	5	17	14.5	25.1	10.1	200	0200ST	SMS-40
60	190	170	25	22	5	20	18.1	31.4	12.6	250	00250ST	SMS-40
60	190	170	'5	27	5	25	21.8	37.7	15.1	300	0300ST	SMS-40
120 20	170	200	5	24	80	18	29.0	50.3	20.1	400	SMB-400400T	SMB-400400S
120 3(	170	200	35	28	0.0	22	36.3	62.8	25.1	500	SMB-400500T	SMB-400500S
60	190	170	75	17	5	15	14.4	25.0	10	198.9	0100KST	SMS-405
60	190	170	25	22	5	20	21.7	37.5	15	298.4	0150KST	SMS-405
120	170	200	5	24	80	18	28.9	50.0	20	397.9	SMB-4050200KT	SMB-4050200KS
120	170	200	35	28	0.0	22	36.1	62.5	25	497.4	SMB-4050250KT	SMB-4050250KS
120 3(	170	200	)5	30	.0	24	43.3	75.0	30	596.8	SMB-4050300KT	SMB-4050300KS
120	170	200	35	36	0	30	57.7	100.0	40	795.8	SMB-4050400KT	SMB-4050400KS
120	170	200	25	42	0	36	72.2	125.0	50	994.7	SMB-4050500KT	SMB-4050500KS
153	409	343	95	39	20	32	108.3	187.5	75	1492.1	SMB-4050750KT	SMB-4050750KS
153 4(	409	343	5	41	.0	34	144.3	250.0	100	1989.4	SMB-4051000KT	SMB-4051000KS
153	409	343	55	55	80	48	216.5	375.0	150	2984.2	SMB-4051500KT	SMB-4051500KS

<sup>\*</sup> Approximate dimensions and weights are given above. Please contact to factory for exact dimensions of a particular unit before order.



#### > 415V 50Hz Single Phase, Three Phase Capacitor

#### · Ratings and Dimensions

Ту	pe	Capa	acity	Curre	ent [A]			Dim	ension [r	nm]			
Single Phase	Three Phase	[μF]	[kvar]	Single Phase	Three Phase	<i>A</i>	4	e Single Phase	3	W	F	D	Figure
				000		Single Phase	Three Phase	e Single Phase	Three Phase				
QMM-410010S	QMM-410010T	10	0.5	1.3	0.8	(65)	110	(85)	130	63	77	63	
QMM-410015S	QMM-410015T	15	0.8	2.0	1.1	(65)	110	(85)	130	63	77	63	
QMM-410020S	QMM-410020T	20	1.1	2.6	1.5	(110)	110	(130)	130	63	77	63	1
QMM-410025S	QMM-410025T	25	1.4	3.3	1.9	(110)	135	(130)	155	63	77	63	1
QMM-410030S	QMM-410030T	30	1.6	3.9	2.3	(110)	135	(130)	155	63	77	63	
QMM-410040S	QMM-410040T	40	2.2	5.2	3.0	(110)	135	(130)	155	63	77	63	
SMS-41	0050ST	50	2.7	6.5	3.8	1(	05	12	25	170	190	60	
SMS-41	0075ST	75	4.1	9.8	5.6	10	05	12	25	170	190	60	
SMS-41	0100ST	100	5.4	13.0	7.5	13	30	15	50	170	190	60	
SMS-41	0150ST	150	8.1	19.6	11.3	15	55	17	75	170	190	60	2
SMS-41		200	10.8	26.1	15.1	17	75	19	95	170	190	60	
SMS-41	0250ST	250	13.5	32.6	18.8	20	05	22	25	170	190	60	
SMS-41		300	16.2	39.1	22.6		55		75	170	190	60	
SMB-410400S	SMB-410400T	400	21.6	52.2	30.1	18	30	24	45	200	170	120	0/1440
SMB-410500S	SMB-410500T	500	27.1	65.2	37.6	22	20	28	35	200	170	120	3(M12
SMS-415	0100KST	184.8	10	24.1	13.9	20	05		25	170	190	60	
SMS-415		277.2	15	36.1	20.9		55		75	170	190	60	- 2
SMB-4150200KS	SMB-4150200KT	369.6	20	48.2	27.8	18	30	24	45	200	170	120	
	SMB-4150250KT	462.1	25	60.2	34.8	22	20	28	35	200	170	120	
SMB-4150300KS	SMB-4150300KT	554.5	30	72.3	41.7	24	40	30	05	200	170	120	3(M12
SMB-4150400KS	SMB-4150400KT	739.3	40	96.4	55.6	28	30	24	45	200	170	120	
SMB-4150500KS	SMB-4150500KT	924.1	50	120,5	69.6		40	40	05	200	170	120	
SMB-4150750KS	SMB-4150750KT	1386.2	75	180.7	104,3		20		95	343	409	153	
	SMB-4151000KT		100	241.0	139,1		60		35	343	409	153	4(M12
	SMB-4151500KT		150	361.4	208.7		80		55	343	496	153	

#### > 440V 50Hz Single Phase, Three Phase Capacitor

#### · Ratings and Dimensions

			nm]	ension [n	Dim			nt [A]	Curre	acity	Capa	pe	Ty
Figure	D	F	W		Single Phase		Single Phase	Three Phase	Single Phase	[kvar]	[µF]	Three Phase	Single Phase
	63	77	63	130	(85)	110	(65)	0.8	1.4	0.6	10	QMM-440010T	QMM-440010S
	63	77	63	130	(85)	110	(65)	1.2	2.1	0.9	15	QMM-440015T	QMM-440015S
1	63	77	63	130	(130)	110	(110)	1.6	2.8	1.2	20	QMM-440020T	QMM-440020S
	63	77	63	155	(130)	135	(110)	2.0	3.5	1.5	25	QMM-440025T	QMM-440025S
	63	77	63	155	(130)	135	(110)	2.4	4.1	1.8	30	QMM-440030T	QMM-440030S
	63	77	63	155	(130)	135	(110)	3.2	5.5	2.4	40	QMM-440040T	QMM-440040S
	60	190	170	5	12	5	10	4.0	6.9	3.0	50	.0050ST	SMS-44
	60	190	170	5	12	5	10	6.0	10.4	4.6	75	.0075ST	SMS-44
	60	190	170	0	15	0	13	8.0	13.8	6.1	100	0100ST	SMS-44
2	60	190	170	5	17	5	15	12.0	20.7	9.1	150	0150ST	SMS-44
	60	190	170	15	19	5	17	16.0	27.6	12.2	200	0200ST	SMS-44
	60	190	170	5	22	5	20	20.0	34.6	15.2	250	.0250ST	SMS-44
	60	170	170		27	5	25	23.9	41.5	18.2	300	.0300ST	SMS-44
2/1412	120	170	200	.5	24	0	18	31,9	55.3	24.3	400	SMB-440400T	SMB-440400S
3(M12	120	170	200	15	28	0	22	39.9	69.1	30.4	500	SMB-440500T	SMB-440500S
2	60	190	170		22	5	20	13.1	22.7	10	164.4	0100KST	SMS-445
	60	190	170	5	22	5	20	19.7	34,1	15	246.6	0150KST	SMS-445
	120	190	200		22	0	16	26.2	45.5	20	328.8	SMB-4450200KT	SMB-4450200KS
	120	170	200	5	24	0	18	32.8	56.8	25	411.0	SMB-4450250KT	SMB-4450250KS
3(M12	120	170	200	15	28	0	22	39.4	68.2	30	493.2	SMB-4450300KT	SMB-4450300KS
	120	170	200	5	34	0	28	52.5	90.9	40	657.7	SMB-4450400KT	SMB-4450400KS
	120	170	200	5	38	0	32	65.6	113.6	50	822,1	SMB-4450500KT	SMB-4450500KS
	153	409	343		35	0	28	98.4	170.5	75	1233.1	SMB-4450750KT	SMB-4450750KS
4(M12	153	409	343		39		32	131.2	227.3	100	1644.2	SMB-4451000KT	SMB-4451000KS
	153	409	343		50		43	196.8	340.9	150	2466.2	SMB-4451500KT	SMB-4451500KS

<sup>\*</sup> Approximate dimensions and weights are given above. Please contact to factory for exact dimensions of a particular unit before order.





### 2 Dry Type

#### > Application

Capacitors are intended for the improvement of Power Factor in low voltage power networks. Used advanced technology consists of metallized PP film with extremely low loss factor.

The dielectric system is self-healing and has no liquid impregnant.

The capacitor is enclosed in cylindrical aluminium cases.

The capacitors have overpressure protection to disconnect it from the supply in the event of internal failure and at the end of its operational life.

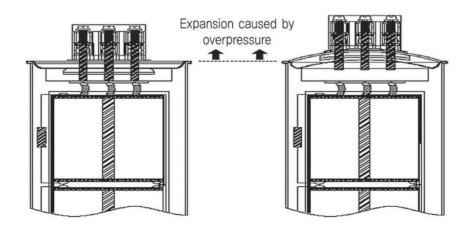
The construction described above and the use of high quality materials ensure reliability and longevity.

#### > Specification

Type	Cylinder Type
Voltage Range	220V ~ 1000V
Frequency	50Hz, 60Hz
Capacitor Loss	Total 0.5W/kVAR
Capacity Tolerance	-5% ∼ 10% (at 20°C)
Max Overvoltage	U <sub>N</sub> + 10% [up to 8 hours daily] U <sub>N</sub> + 15% [up to 30 minutes daily] U <sub>N</sub> + 20% [up to 5 minutesdaily] U <sub>N</sub> + 30% [up to 1 minutedaily]
Max Overcurrent	1.3 x ln
Withstand Voltage	2.15 x Un (2 seconds)
Connection	3 phase (Single phase on request)
Insulation Level	3/8kV
Dielectric	Polypropylene
Ambient Temp	-25°C~ 55°C
Discharge	External discharge module
Impregnation	Epoxy resin
Safety	Self-healing technology Overpressure disconnector
Installation place	Indoor
Applicable Standards	IEC60831-1,2



#### > Disconnector Function





#### > 220V 50Hz Three Phase Capacitor

#### · Raitngs and Dimesnsions

Typo	Capa	acity	Current	Dimensi	on [mm]	Remark
Type	[µF]	[kvar]	[A]	D	Н	Remark
RMC-2250010KT	65.8	1	2.6	63	110	M12
RMC-2250015KT	98.6	1.5	3.9	63	135	M12
RMC-2250025KT	164.4	2.5	6.6	76	140	M12
RMC-2250050KT	328.8	5	13.1	76	230	M12
RMC-2250075KT	493.2	7.5	19.7	86	230	M12
RMC-2250100KT	657.7	10	26.2	96	230	M12
RMC-2250125KT	822.1	12.5	32.8	96	275	M12
RMC-2250150KT	986.5	15	39.4	116	230	M12

#### > 380V 50Hz Three Phase Capacitor

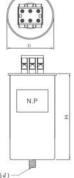
#### · Raitngs and Dimesnsions

Tuno	Capa	acity	Current	Dimensi	on [mm]	Domork
Type	[μF]	[kvar]	[A]	D	Н	Remark
RMC-3850025KT	55.1	2.5	3.8	63	135	M12
RMC-3850050KT	110.2	5	7.6	76	140	M12
RMC-3850075KT	165.3	7.5	11.4	76	200	M12
RMC-3850100KT	220.4	10	15.2	76	230	M12
RMC-3850125KT	275.5	12.5	19	86	200	M12
RMC-3850150KT	330.7	15	22.8	86	230	M12
RMC-3850200KT	440.9	20	30.4	96	230	M12
RMC-3850250KT	551.1	25	38	96	275	M12
RMC-3850300KT	661.3	30	45.6	116	260	M12

#### > 400V 50Hz Three Phase Capacitor

#### · Raitngs and Dimesnsions

Type	Capa	acity	Current	Dimensi	on [mm]	Domork
Type	[µF]	[kvar]	[A]	D	Н	Remark
RMC-4050010KT	19.9	1.0	1.4	63	110	M12
RMC-4050015KT	29.8	1.5	2.2	63	110	M12
RMC-4050025KT	49.7	2.5	3.6	63	165	M12
RMC-4050050KT	99.5	5.0	7.2	63	165	M12
RMC-4050075KT	149.2	7.5	10.8	76	230	M12
RMC-4050100KT	198.9	10	14.4	76	230	M12
RMC-4050125KT	248.7	12.5	18.0	86	230	M12
RMC-4050150KT	298.4	15.0	21.7	86	230	M12
RMC-4050200KT	397.9	20.0	28.9	86	275	M12
RMC-4050250KT	497.4	25.0	36.1	96	275	M12
RMC-4050300KT	596.8	30.0	43.3	116	305	M12
RMC-4050400KT	795.8	40.0	57.7	136	305	M12
RMC-4050500KT	994.7	50.0	72.2	136	305	M12



<sup>\*</sup> Approximate dimensions and weights are given above. Please contact to factory for exact dimensions of a particular unit before order.





#### > 415V 50Hz Three Phase Capacitor

<ul> <li>Raitngs</li> </ul>	and	<b>Dimes</b>	nsions
-----------------------------	-----	--------------	--------

Tuno	Capa	acity	Current	Dimensi	on [mm]	Remark
Type	[μF]	[kvar]	[A]	D	Н	Remark
RMC-4150025KT	46.2	2.5	3.5	63	135	M12
RMC-4150050KT	92.4	5	7.0	76	170	M12
RMC-4150075KT	138.6	7.5	10.4	76	200	M12
RMC-4150100KT	184.8	10.0	13.9	86	200	M12
RMC-4150125KT	231.0	12.5	17.4	86	230	M12
RMC-4150150KT	277.2	15.0	20.9	96	230	M12
RMC-4150200KT	369.6	20.0	27.8	96	275	M12
RMC-4150250KT	462.1	25.0	34.8	116	230	M12
RMC-4150300KT	554.5	30.0	41.7	116	305	M12
RMC-4150400KT	739.3	40.0	55.6	136	305	M12
RMC-4150500KT	924.1	50.0	69.6	136	305	M12

#### > 440V 50Hz Three Phase Capacitor • Raitngs and Dimesnsions

Typo	Capa	acity	Current	Dimensi	on [mm]	Remark
Type	[μF]	[kvar]	[A]	D	Н	Remark
RMC-4450050KT	82.2	5.0	6.6	76	140	M12
RMC-4450075KT	123.3	7.5	9.8	76	200	M12
RMC-4450100KT	164.4	10.0	13.1	86	170	M12
RMC-4450150KT	246.6	15.0	19.7	86	230	M12
RMC-4450200KT	328.8	20.0	26.2	86	275	M12
RMC-4450250KT	411.0	25.0	32.8	96	275	M12
RMC-4450300KT	493.2	30.0	39.4	116	275	M12
RMC-4450400KT	657.7	40.0	52.5	136	260	M12
RMC-4450500KT	822.1	50.0	65.6	136	305	M12

#### > 460V 50Hz Three Phase Capacitor • Raitngs and Dimesnsions

Tuno	Cap	acity	Current	Dimensi	on [mm]	Remark
Type	[μF]	[kvar]	[A]	D	Н	Remark
RMC-4650025KT	37.6	2.5	3.1	63	135	M12
RMC-4650025KT	75.2	5.0	6.3	76	140	M12
RMC-4650025KT	112.8	7.5	9.4	76	200	M12
RMC-4650025KT	150.4	10.0	12.6	86	200	M12
RMC-4650025KT	188.0	12.5	15.7	86	200	M12
RMC-4650025KT	225.6	15.0	18.8	86	230	M12
RMC-4650025KT	300.9	20.0	25.1	96	230	M12
RMC-4650025KT	376.1	25.0	31.4	96	375	M12
RMC-4650025KT	451.3	30.0	37.7	116	230	M12

#### > 480V 50Hz Three Phase Capacitor

#### · Raitngs and Dimesnsions

Type	Capacity		Current	Dimension [mm]		Damark
	[µF]	[kvar]	[A]	D	Н	Remark
RMC-4850100KT	138.2	10.0	12.0	76	230	M12
RMC-4850150KT	207.2	15.0	18.0	86	275	M12
RMC-4850200KT	276.3	20.0	24.1	96	275	M12
RMC-4850250KT	345.4	25.0	30.1	116	230	M12
RMC-4850300KT	414.5	30.0	36.1	116	275	M12

#### > 525V 50Hz Three Phase Capacitor

#### Raitings and Dimesions

Tuno	Cap	acity	Current	Dimensi	Remark	
Type	[µF]	[kvar]	[A]	D	Н	Remark
RMC-5250050KT	57.7	5.0	5.5	76	170	M12
RMC-5250075KT	86.6	7.5	8.2	76	200	M12
RMC-5250100KT	115.5	10.0	11.0	86	200	M12
RMC-5250125KT	144.4	12.5	13.7	86	230	M12
RMC-5250150KT	173.2	15.0	16.5	86	275	M12
RMC-5250200KT	231.0	20.0	22.0	96	275	M12
RMC-5250250KT	288.7	25.0	27.5	116	230	M12
RMC-5250300KT	346.5	30.0	33.0	116	275	M12

<sup>\*</sup> Approximate dimensions and weights are given above. Please contact to factory for exact dimensions of a particular unit before order.



## 2. Capacitor Bank

### **1** General Capacitor Bank

#### > Application

Capacitor Bank is an economical method of reducing High reactance of high and extra high voltage lines. And It controls the voltage level supplied by reducing or eliminating the voltage drop and increase power transfer Power system.

Capacitor Bank is relatively inexpensive and can be easily installed with all accessories anywhere on the network.

#### > Capacitor Bank benefits to

- · Increase power transmission capability
- · Improve system stability
- · Reduce system losses
- · Improve voltage profile on the lines
- · Optimize power flow between parallel lines



((Capacitor Bank 150kV 25Mvar - GI Duri substation in Indonesia))

# Lreative Technology Provider



## 2-1 Capacitor Bank

#### **2 Harmonic Filter Capacitor Bank**

#### > Application

Most type of equipment in electrical systems generate harmonics.

Harmonics is not only found in industrial networks. It can spread into the distribution system and cause problems for other customers.

Each plant is unique and needs its own special technical solution to prevent it.

Harmonic Filter Bank usually consists of a capacitor which is connected in series with a reactor.

The components are dimensioned to create a series resonance circuit for a required frequency.

We can help you to calculate and design filters which will reduce interference and interruption on your network.

#### > Harmonic Filter Bank benefits to

- · Improve power factor, voltage stability
- Reduce line loss
- · Filter harmonics in the system
- Avoid resonance problems and amplification of electrical disturbances





(\(\text{Harmonic Filter Bank 22.9kV 63Mvar - Doosan Heavy Industrial, Korea\)\)



## 2-2 Capacitor Bank Type

### **1** Cubicle Capacitor Bank

#### > Application & Construction

This is a fixed reactive compensation system for individual motor compensation,

There is a range of metal enclosed capacitor banks for a variety of medium voltage applications.

The product range consists of indoor and outdoor solutions, which can be single step fixed or multi-step switched.

According to the requirement, it is possible to include also inrush current reactors or other protections and measuring elements

It will automatically compensate the network to maintain a preset level of power factor.

#### > Available options

- Circuit Breaker
- Disconnect Switch
- · Earthing Switch
- · Inrush or Detuning reactor
- · Discharge Coil
- Unbalance Protection
- Automatic Power Factor Controller







((10kV 3P 50Hz 700kvar))



((APFCR with Dry Type Capacitor))

# Lreative Technology Provider



## 2-2 Capacitor Bank Type

### **2 Open-rack Capacitor Bank**

#### > Application & Construction

The Samwha Open-rack Capacitor Banks are primarily used to improve the power factor in the network. Improving the power factor also means a higher power transmission capability and increased control of the power flow.

They will also improve the voltage stability and reduce network losses.

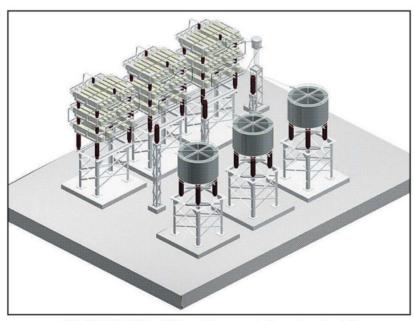
The installation of capacitors in a transmission or distribution network.

#### > Open-rack Capacitor Bank benefits to

- · Reduce network losses
- · Increase voltage stability
- · Improve power quality
- · Limit or reduce charges for excess reactive power consumption.
- · Increase load possibility on existing transmission lines and transformers

The Samwha Open-rack Capacitor Bank type is the most common capacitor bank and available with internally fused capacitor units.

Range	Internal Fuse Type
Voltage	Up to 250kV
Location	Outdoor



(\langle 110kV 3P 50Hz 50Mvar Open-rack Capacitor Bank)



## 2-2 Capacitor Bank Type

### **3 Pole Mounted Capacitor Bank**

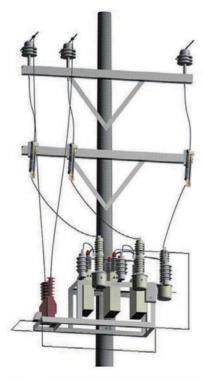
#### > Application & Construction

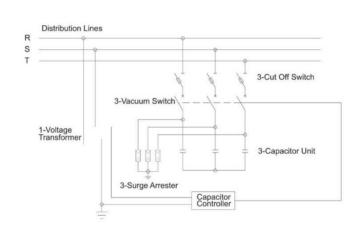
The Samwha Pole Mounted Capacitor Bank provide voltage support, reduce system losses, improve power factor in the distribution systems.

The installation is in distribution systems.

#### > Composition equipments

- · Cut-off Switch
- · Capacitor Switch
- Surge Arrester
- Voltage Transformer
- Controller
- Capacitors





System Voltage	Frequency	Capacity Number of [kvar] Capacitor unit		Dimension [mm]			
[kV]	1   1   1   1	[KVar]	Capacitor unit	А	В	С	
		1000	334kvar x 3EA	575	1600	990	
10		1500	500kvar x 3EA	575	1600	1100	
12		2000	334kvar x 6EA	575	2185	990	
	F0 / C0	2500	417kvar x 6EA	575	2275	990	
	50 / 60	1000	334kvar x 3EA	575	1600	990	
24		1500	500kvar x 3EA	575	1600	1100	
24		2000	334kvar x 6EA	575	2185	990	
	2500	417kvar x 6EA	575	2275	990		

<sup>\*</sup> Approximate Dimensions and Capacities are given above. Please contact factory for your projects.

# I Echnology Provider



## 2-3 Capacitor Bank Protection

### **1 NVS [Neutral Voltage Sensor]**

#### > General

Capacitor Bank is needed to set proper protection systems to protect capactor bank against faults occurring within the bank including those inside the capacitor units, and to protect capacitor bank against system diturbances and faults.

Generally, the method of detecting neutral value [voltage or current] is selected as the protection for capacitor bank system.

#### > Application

NVS is the protection system using voltage unbalance signals to alarm or shut down the capacitor bank in case of faults that may lead to significant damages.

To measure the unbalance of voltage, the neutral voltage-sensing device[NVS] is used.

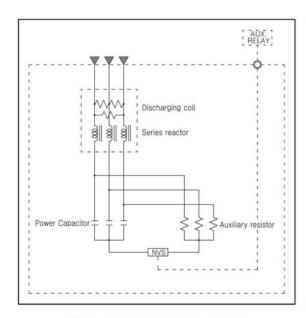
#### Ungrounded Single Wye Banks

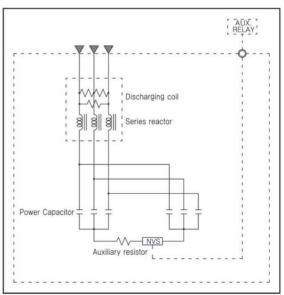
It detects the unbalance voltage between capacitor neutral and resistance which is connected with capacitor.

NVS of defecting voltage is changeable according to the number of internal series in capacitor.

#### Ungrounded Double Wye Banks

It is the same protection method as ungrounded single Wye Bank. The difference is that it detects the unbalanced voltage between the two neutrals and it needs to use overvoltage relay.





((Ungrounded Single Wye Bank))

((Ungrounded Double Wye Bank))



## 2-3 Capacitor Bank Protection

#### **2 NCT INeutral Current Transformerl**

#### > Application

NCT is the protection system using unbalanced current on neutrals composed in Double Wye Capacitor Banks signals to alarm or shut down the banks.

To measure the unbalance of current, the current transformer with low current value is used.

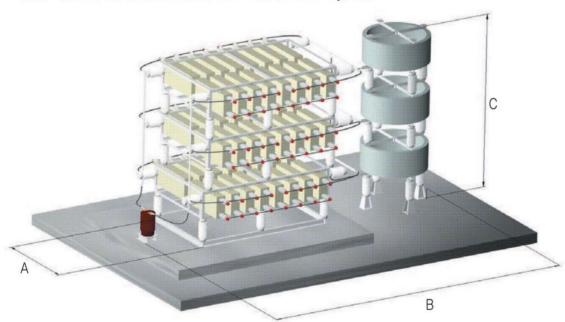
The current transformer ration and relay rating are seleted for the desired sensitivity.

NCT protection system is normally used on wide range of level from high to extra voltage capacitor banks, and can detect faults in all kinds of capacitor units.

Current Transformer with rated current value 1 is manufactured.

therefore it is useful to protect Capacitor Bank with internal fuse which has low fault current on neutral.

#### · 36kV CAPACITOR BANK with NCT Protection System



System voltage [Max]	Frequency	Capacity	Number of	Dimension [mm]		
[kV]	[Hz]	[kvar]	Capacitor unit	Α	В	С
		5000	417kvar x 12EA	980	4700	4000
		7500	417kvar x 18EA	980	4990	4000
		10000	556kvar x 18EA	1340	4990	4000
0.0	50 / 00	12500	521kvar x 24EA	1270	5280	4000
36	50 / 60	15000	500kvar x 30EA	1200	5570	4000
		20000	556kvar x 36EA	1340	5860	4000
		25000	595kvar x 42EA	1500	6150	4000
		30000	500kvar x 60EA	1340	7000	4000

<sup>\*</sup> Approximate Dimensions and Capacities are given above. Please contact factory for your projects.



## **3. SVC**

#### > Application

SVC [Static Var Compensator] is an advanced capacitor bank using thyristor for providing fast-acting reactive power compensation on high-voltage electricity transmission networks.

SVC is an automated impedance matching device and designed to bring the system closer to unity power factor. For example, reactive load of power system is capacitive [leading], the SVC will use reactors to consume VARs from the system, lowering the system voltage. However under inductive[lagging] conditions, the capacitor banks are automatically switched in, thus providing a higher system voltage.

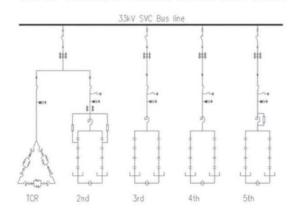


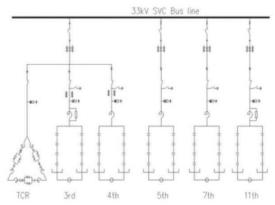
Therefore, SVC is mainly installed near high and rapidly varying loads, such as arc furnaces, chemical plants where need to smooth flicker voltage.

#### > SVC benefits to

- · Near-instantaneous response to changes in the system voltage
- · Maximize power compensation
- · Remove Harmonic and reduce distortion of voltage through filter capacitors connected in parallel
- · Keep balanced three-phase loads
- · Make smooth flicker voltage
- · Maximize customer's economic benefits

#### SVC for 160ton Ac Consteel Electric Arc Furnace SVC for 170ton Ac Consteel Electric Arc Furnace



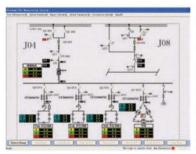


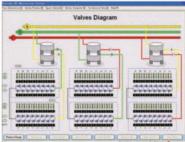


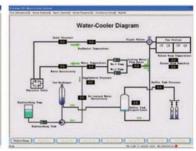
## **3. SVC**

#### > Feature of Samwha SVC

- MOU [Memorandum Of Understanding] with CEPRI [China Electric Power Research Institute]
- Verifying Power supply network, designated SVC system, Harmonics, designated function etc
- · Using digital control method, active responding time is fast with precision.
- Extremely speedy responding of thyristor controler [10  $\sim$  15ms]
- Thyristor valve was designed as horizontal type, so operation is safety and repair is convenience
- · Water cooling system perceives total 13 variables, such as perceives temperature, pressure, water level and resistance rate etc to make sure safety operation.
- · Drainage system connected paralled with water conduit makes high reliability of Thyristor valve throgh well temperature control
- · Remote control and automatic system interface

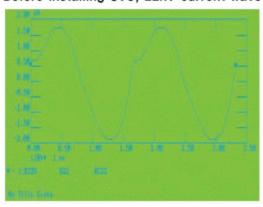






#### > SVC installation

#### Before installing SVC, 22kV current wave



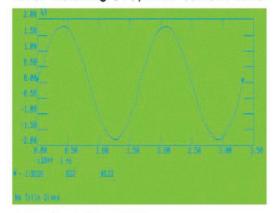
#### Before installing SVC

1. Voltage fluctuation: 2.44% 2. Voltage flicker: Pst = 1.12

3. Voltage distorted waveform: 7.17%

4. Power factor: 78%

#### After installing SVC, 22kV current wave



#### After installing SVC

1. Voltage fluctuation: 0.92% 2. Voltage flicker: Pst = 0.92

3. Voltage distorted waveform: 1.64%

4. Power factor: 95%

SVC dedicates to Power quality of Electric furnace improvement, Power factor improvement, Safety operation on transmission lines.



## 4. Special Capacitor

#### > Application

Harmonics is commonly generated in electricity system due to devices using Thyristor. It can causes electricity accidents and interference in Power system Therefore, the application of filter facilities is essential to prevent the effect of Harmonics in Power system and use electricity more efficiently.

#### > What is harmonic

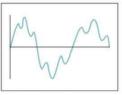
Cyclic distortion wave is expressed as the sum of sine wave [50Hz], the integral number frequency and major sine wave, integral number [50Hz] frequency.

This integral number frequency is called harmonic wave and according to the amplitude change and phase, wave form is changed resulting in synthetic distortion.

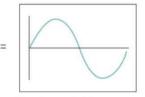
Combined distortion wave is manifested in distorted sine wave form. This form can be analyzed into one fundamental wave [50Hz] which has random cycle and major sine wave which has integral number frequency or subharmonic frequency.

If the frequency of it is higher than the fundamental frequency, it is called harmonics and if the frequency of it is lower, it is called fractional harmonic wave or subharmonic.

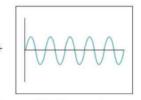
For example, an distorted wave form comprising sine wave type [50Hz] and 5th [250Hz] and 7th [350Hz] wave form is analyzed as following:



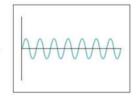
ex ) Harmonics



= Fundamental frequency +



5th Harmonics



7th Harmonics

#### > Harmonic Generator

- · Thyristior controller
- · Speed controller
- · Low speed starter
- · Power factor compensator
- Rectifier
- Arc furnace
- · Transformer, Reactor
- Non-linear loads such as rotating devices changing the wave form of the current which generates harmonics.

#### > Process of Harmonic Filter Engineering

- · Collecting data[system condition, harmonic spectrum, THD limit]
- · Drawing system impedance map
- · Calculating harmonic impedance and determining filtering order
- · Harmonic flow calculation
- Simulation
- · Checking abnormal resonance in the system and the possibility of harmonic extension
- · Designing Switcher PNL, Structure
- · Testing the operation after installation
- Test report



## **4-1 AC Harmonic Filter**

#### > Disturbance by Harmonics

Once Harmonic is generated in system, it moves around and affects on the connected other electricity facilities.

- · Overheating and loss of transformer
- Influx of over current of capacitor and noise
- · Instability of control system
- Voltage variation
- Overload of rotator
- · Errors on the operation of circuit breaker
- · Impediment in communication and interfering OA functions
- · Overload current in neutral and low voltage between phase and earthing

#### > What is Harmonic Filter?

Harmonic filter is a device which represses and absorbs the outflow of harmonics generated in the electricity system. It consists of resistor, reactor and capacitor.

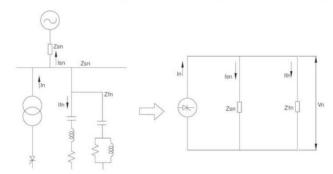
Basic harmonic filter consists of lower order [5-13th order] single shunt filter which is synchronized with the harmonic current generated in Power system.

For other higher order frequency, higher order filter shall be installed, if necessary,

#### > Effects of Harmonic Filter

- · Improvement of power factor [invalid power in the electricity system is removed, resulting in the improvement of economics]
- Absorption and removal of harmonics
- Resolving the problem of resonance between inductive and capacitive in the system.
- · Keeping the performance and lifetime of the facility high by keeping normal voltage

The effects of contained harmonic current by filter can be expressed as following:



$$Vn = \frac{Zfn \cdot Zsn}{Zfn + Zsn} \cdot In = \frac{In}{Yfn + Ysn}$$

$$Vn = \frac{Zfn}{Zfn + Zsn} \cdot In = \frac{Ysn}{Yfn + Ysn} \cdot In , Ifn = \frac{Zsn}{Zfn + Zsn} \cdot In = \frac{Ysn}{Yfn + Ysn} \cdot In$$



## **4-1 AC Harmonic Filter**

#### > Current Distortion Limits for General Distribution Systems [IEEE Std 519-199]

Maximum Harmonic Current Distortion in Percent of L Individual Harmonic Order [Odd Harmonics]

Isc / I	(11	11≤h⟨17	17≤h⟨23	23≤h(35	35≤h	TDD
(20	4	2	1.5	0.6	0.3	5
20(50	7	3.5	2.5	1	0.5	8
50(100	10	4.5	4	1.5	0.7	12
100(1000	12	5.5	5	2	1	15
>1000	15	7	6	2.5	1.4	20

Even harmonics are limited to 25% of the odd harmonic limits above

Current distortions that result in a dc offset, e.g., half wave converters are not allowed.

lsc = maximum short circuit current at PCC (point of common coupling)

I<sub>1</sub> = maximum demand load current [fundamental frequency component] at PCC

#### > Voltage Distortion Limits [IEEE Std 519-1992]

Bus Voltage at PCC	Individual Voltage Distortion [%]	Total Voltage Distortion THD [%]
69kV or less	3.0	5.0
Over 69kV and less 161kV	1.5	2,5
Over 161kV	1.0	1.5

<sup>\*</sup> All power generation equipment is limited to these values of current distortion regardless of actual Isc / I∟ where



## 4-2. Zero Sequence Filter(ZSF)

#### > General

#### 1. General

Increasing use of computer and electric home appliance, the neutral current zero sequence harmonic in line make variety types of disturbances in system. ZSF(Zero Sequence Filter) is easy to install with electric accessories and it can reduce this large neutral current up to 90% depending on the installed position.

#### 2. The problems of Zero Sequence harmonics

- Trip the circuit breaker due to overcurrent
- · Malfuction of electric protector
- · Communication disturbance

- · Heat deterionration on transformer
- · Overheat / Fire on the neutral line

#### 3. Application

- · Applicable load: Computer, OA appliance, Electronic fluorescent lamp, Single Phase SCR heater and UPS etc
- Applicable system : Single phase nonlinear loads on Three phase four wire system
- Applicable place: Office/Commercial Building, School, Apartment, Department, Factory, Medical center etc.

#### > Features

- · Neutral impedence adjuster upon request
- · Easy to Install
- Increasing power quality

- · Ammeter displaying the neutral current in option
- · Easy to select

#### > Effects

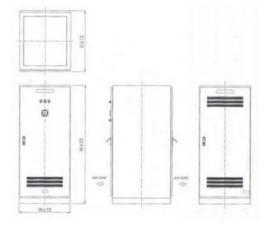
- · Protect heating and loss of line and neutral cable that is effected by zero sequence harmonic current
- · Reduce unbalance of line current
- Reduce system loss
- · Protect overinvestment by increasing capacity
- Reduce K-factor rating of load current at main transformer.

#### > Standard specification

(Rated Voltage	2201/

Tuna	Currents	Dimensions [mm]			
Type	in Neutral [A]	W	D	Н	
ZSF22030	30	350	500	500	
ZSF22060	60	350	500	500	
ZSF22100	100	600	400	850	
ZSF22150	150	650	450	900	
ZSF22300	300	800	450	1000	
ZSF22450	450	800	500	1200	
ZSF22600	600	800	1500	2350	
ZSF221000	1000	1100	1500	2350	
ZSF223000	3000	1100	1500	2350	

<sup>\*</sup> Approximate dimensions and weights are given above. Please contact to factory for exact dimensions.





## 4-3. Hybrid Harmonic Filter(HHF)

#### > General

#### 1. General

The Hybrid Harmonic Filter(HHF) enable most three phase non-linear load to comply with both the voltage and current distortion limits of IEEE Std.519-1992 and other international limits such as AS-2279, EN61000-3-4, and BS G5/4.

Comparing with the classical broad band harmonic filter, the HHF have only 30% of capacitance with better filtering. Less capacitance can minimize leading current at light loading condition.

#### 2. Harmonic Problems

- · Resonance at Power
- · Trip the Relay or cut fuse
- Over voltage trip and malfuction of Drive

#### 3. Application

- Applicable loads: Inverter, UPS, Elevator, AC/DC motor drive, Diode/SCR Rectifier,
  - Induction heater, DC power supply, HVAC system, Fan and Pumps etc.
- Applicable place: Office/Commercial building, School, Shopping Mall, Department store, Apartment, Hospital, Factory etc
- · Applicable system : Low Voltage 3P nonlinear loads

#### > Features

- Patent No.0383791 as Hybrid Harmonic Filter
- · Qualified as Excellent Product by the ministray of commerce, industry and energy
- Compact and easy-to-install.

- · Quite operation and proper ventilation.
- Standardized up to 1000HP (based on load capacity)
- · Special voltage available upon request.

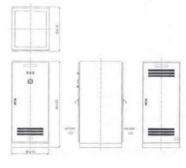
#### > Effects

- Protect loss and reduce capacity effected by harmonic current at transformer.
- Protect heating and loss of line cable that is effected by harmonic current.
- · Protect burning of reactor and capacitor by harmonic current injection.
- Improve power factor and reduce system loss.
- · Minimize interference with other equipment.
- · Improve system voltage/current waveform.
- Prevent nuisance tripping of fuse and circuit breakers which can result from the presence of harmonics.

#### > Standard specification

#### (Rated Voltage: 380V)

Tuna	Currents	Dimensions [mm]			
Type	in Neutral [A]	W	D	Н	
HHF38005	5	350	500	500	
HHF38010	10	500	800	1000	
HHF38020	20	600	1000	1200	
HHF38040	40	600	1200	1600	
HHF38060	60	800	1400	1600	
HHF38100	100	800	1500	1600	
HHF38200	200	900	1500	2350	
HHF38300	300	1100	1500	2350	
HHF38400	400	1100	1500	2350	



<sup>\*</sup> Rated Voltage 220V or 440V is also available

<sup>\*</sup> Approximate dimensions and weights are given above. Please contact to factory for exact dimensions.



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## 4-4. L-C Complex Harmonic Filter(LCF)

#### > General

#### 1. General

The motor using inverter is causing riffle wave form on voltage, and it causes many problems on the system like breaking down dielectric.

LCF can convert PWM wave form to sine wave form making more safe operation in the system.

#### 2. Harmonic Problems

- · Destroying dielectric in Motor by spike
- · Damage on Voltage raising transformer
- Decreasing productivity

· Damage on Cable

- ansiormer Decreasing produc
- · Malfuction and reduced life spam of Inverter by inversed voltage.
- Instantaneous Over voltage phenomenon by distorted voltage wave form
- · Malfuntion of precision apparatus
- · Over heat on distribution line

#### 3. Application

- Applicable load: Motor and machines using inverter(Between inverter and motor)
- Applicable system: 220V, 380V, 440V, 1000HP
- · Applicable place : Plants, Steel Mills, power plant, sewage disposal plants, Garbage dumps etc

#### > Features

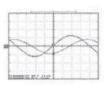
- · Make smooth voltage and current wave form
- · Reduce voltage reflection and surge impedance
- · Reduce peak voltage of motor

#### > Effects

- · Prevent dielectric destruction
- · Increase productivity and quality
- · Increase system communication quality and life span

#### > Wave form with LCF

PWM wave form



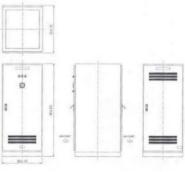
(Before installing LCF)

(After installing LCF)

#### > Standard specification

(Rated Voltage: 380V)

Time	Currents	Dimensions [mm]		
Type	in Neutral [A]	W	D	Н
LCF38005	3.7	350	500	500
LCF38008	5.6	350	500	500
LCF38010	7.5	420	730	1000
LCF38015	11	420	730	1000
LCF38020	15	420	730	1000
LCF38025	19	600	900	1200
LCF38030	22	600	900	1200
LCF38040	30	600	900	1200
LCF38050	37	600	900	1200
LCF38060	45	600	900	1200
LCF38100	75	600	900	1200
LCF38150	112	900	900	2150
LCF38200	149	900	900	2150
LCF38400	298	900	900	2150



<sup>\*</sup> Rated Voltage 220V or 440V is also available

<sup>\*</sup> Approximate dimensions and weights are given above. Please contact to factory for exact dimensions.



## 4-5. Active Power Harmonic Filter(APF)

#### > General

#### 1. General

The proliferation of nonlinear loads such as static power converters and arc furnaces results in variety of undesirable phenomena in the operation of power systems.

The most important among these are harmonic contamination, increased reactive power demand and power system voltage fluctuations.

Harmonic currents increase power systems losses, excessive heating in rotating machinery, can create significant interference with the power line communication.

The harmonic is a growing problem for both electricity suppliers and consumers.

#### 2. Harmonic Problems

- · Malfunction of precision control
- · High current in neutral conductors
- · Damage to sensitive equipment
- · Frequent tripping of circuit breakers
- · Capacitor overloading and failures
- · Excitation of network resonance
- · Overheating of transformer, motor and cables

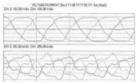
#### 3. Application

- · Applicable load: Welding Machine, Electrolyzer in Chemical Factory, Electrolytic machine of ceramic plasitc, Arc furnace, Crain etc
- Applicable system: 380V, 440V, 50-300A
- · Applicable place : Steel Mills, Chemical Plants, Metal mills, Harbors etc

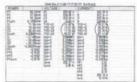
#### > Features

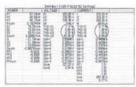
- Patent No.0459000 as Three Phase fourwire active power filter control device
- · Meet IEEE standard 519-1992
- · Parallel connection allows easy retrofit for large system
- Solve Power Quality Problems
- · Curtailment of maintenance fee

#### > Installation Effect









(Before installing APF)

(After installing APF)

(Before installing APF)

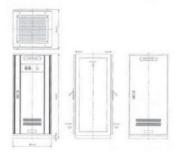
(After installing APF)

#### > Standard specification

(Rated Voltage: 380V)

Tuna	Rating Current	Dimensions [mm]		
Type	[A]	W	D	Н
APF38050	50A	600	600	1670
APF38100	100A	750	600	2000
APF38200	200A	900	600	2000
APF38300	300A	1200	6850	2000

<sup>\*</sup> Approximate dimension is given above. Please contact to factory for exact dimension and application.





#### 4-6. Intelligent Var Compensator(IVC)

#### > General

#### 1. General

Intelligent Var Compensator(IVC) is the product designed to improve power quality in the systems with welding, crane and many unspecified loads which is generating reactive power.

#### 2. Application

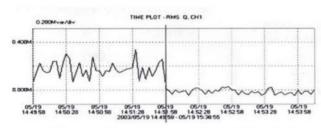
- · Applicable loads: Welding machines, Arc furnace, unspecified loads generating reactive power,
- Applicable system: 380V, 440V, 30~1800kvar
- · Applicable place : Steel mills, Chemical plants, Metal mills, Harbors etc.

#### > Features

- Patent No.0459000
- 3Phase 4Wire reactive power compensation system with linear response characteristics.
- Prevent the voltage drop and flicker with 5-20ms response speed.
- · Control the reactive power using power switching sockets without transient
- · Protect senstive electric machines and save energy
- · Exact and fast power factor improvement
- · Long life span of swiching sockets and capacitors

#### > Effects

- · Power factor on the secondary side of transformer is improved at 98%
- Average current is decreased to 30%
- Allowance capacity of transformer is increased.
- Prevent voltage flicker phenomenon through resolving reactive power in real-time



(Before installing IVC)

(After installing IVC)

#### > Standard specification

#### (Rated Voltage: 380V)

Type	Capacity	Step	Dotio	Dime	ension	[mm]
Type	[kvar]	[kvar]	Ratio	W	D	Н
IVC38100	100	20	1:2:2	800	800	2000
IVC38120	120	40	1:1:1	800	800	2000
IVC38140	140	20	1:2:4	800	800	2000
IVC38200	200	40	1:2:2	800	800	2000
IVC38240	240	80	1:1:1	800	800	2000
IVC38280	280	40	1:2:4	800	800	2000
IVC38400	400	80	1:1:1	1000	800	2000
IVC38480	480	160	1:1:1	1000	800	2000
IVC38560	560	80	1:2:4	1600	800	2000
IVC38800	800	160	1:2:2	2400	800	2000
IVC381120	1120	160	1:2:4	3200	800	2000

### \* Rated Voltage 220V or 440V is also available

# | Compared | Compared

> External Shape

<sup>\*</sup> Approximate dimensions and weights are given above. Please contact to factory for exact dimensions.



#### **4-7 Low Frequency Induction Furnace Capacitor**

#### > Application

This product was developed in 1977 with the purpose of rationalizing power supply by improving heat efficiency and power factor of Low Frequency Induction Furnace. This product consists of polypropylene film, aluminum thin film or metalized film which has excellent voltage resistance. It contains specially produced composite oil, resulting in high reliability.

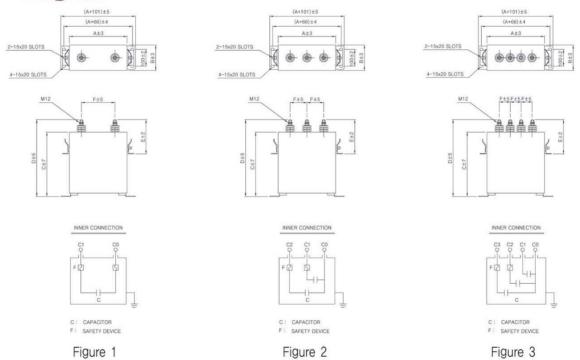
#### > Product Scope

- · Installation Place : Indoor
- Ambient Temperature for use: -20°C ~ +40°C [below 35°C average for 24 hours]

#### > Technical Data

Tolerance	-5 ~ +15% [at 20℃]					
Withstand Voltage	10 seconds of 2.0 times of rated voltage between mutual terminals					
Insulation Level 2U <sub>N</sub> + 2kV or 3kV, whichever is the higher, for 10s						
Max Overvoltage	Less than 105% of rated voltage: within 12hours per day					
Max overcurrent	120% of rated capacity [less than 60Hz], 115% of rated capacity [more than 60Hz] or less					
Capacitor Loss [Under stabilized condition]	0.35% [rated voltage, 20°C] or less					

#### > Diagram





## **4-7 Low Frequency Induction Furnace Capacitor**

#### > Ratings and Dimensions

Capacity	Votage	Disease	Frequency	Data d Oceanity (In a 2	T			Dimensi	on [mm	]		Fi
[kvar]	[V]	Phase	[Hz]	Rated Capacity [kvar]	Type	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	Figure
50	630	1	60	50	SMFL-66050KS	343	153	280	355	205	200	1
	440	1	60	11.1+22.2+66.7	SMFL-46100KS	343	153	390	465	205	65	3
100	600	1	60	50+50	SMFL-66100KS	630	135	380	455	205	100	2
100	630	1	60	100	SMFL-66100KS	343	153	380	455	205	200	1
	800	1	60	100	SMFL-86100KS	343	153	470	545	205	200	1
150	600	1	60	50+100	SMFL-66150KS	630	135	500	575	205	100	2
150	800	1	60	150	SMFL-86150KS	343	153	640	715	295	200	1
	600	1	60	200	SMFL-66200KS	343	153	660	735	255	200	1
	750	1	60	25+40+135	SMFL-76200KS	343	153	580	655	255	65	3
200	1000	1	60	30+60+110	TAFL-106200KS	343	153	840	915	295	65	3
200	1000	1	60	100+100	TAFL-106200KS	530	135	610	685	295	100	2
	1200	1	60	25+25+150	TAFL-126200KS	530	170	480	555	205	65	3
	1200	1	60	50+50+100	TAFL-126200KS	530	170	480	555	205	65	3

<sup>\*</sup> Approximate Dimensions and ratings are given above. Please contact factory to check it before order.





#### 4-8 Water Cooling Capacitor

#### > Application

This product is specially designed to accommodate high capacity to be easily used for matching circuit of high frequency induction furnace device.

For dielectric, polypropylene film and capacitor paper were used together and aluminium foil electrode of non induction method was used. For insulating oil,

non PCB dielectric was impregnation resulting in stable and excellent feature.

For cooling method, it was designed that cooling water can absorb the heat generated from the inner dielectric loss.

To make matching circuit easily when inductive load is changed, capacity was divided into proper capacity and lead bushing was treated.

The material of case is non magnetic aluminum to minimize induction loss due to high frequency electric filed. The loss of capacitor itself is about 0.1%. Maximum Water temperature rise should not exceed 4deg [51/min] on the standard of maxim capacitance.

Permissible load power is 1.05 times of rated voltage [within1 hour per day] and maximum permissible current is 1.35 times of rated current.

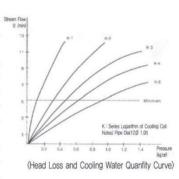
High frequency water cooling capacitor does not contain discharging resistor since it is connected to high capacity coil circuit in paralleled.

When capacitor is input into circuit again, the permissible limit of residual voltage should be within 10% of rated voltage and nuts with DC voltage.

Tightening strength on nuts at terminal is 200kg · cm or less.

#### > Technical data

Installation place	Only for Indoor
Temperature of Cooling Water	Cooling water exit temperature less than 45°C
Ambient Temperature	More than 0℃
Tolerance	Within ± 10% of rated capacity
Withstand Voltage	2.15 times of rated voltage, 10 seconds
Flux of Cooling Water	More than 50 per minute
Pressure of Cooling Water	Less than 10kg/cm²
Safety Device	Thermostat contact capacity [250VAC, 7.5A]
Ćase	Aluminium non painted product



#### > Caution

Since the outer case of capacitor is unilateral electrode, please be sure to use the insulated rack in

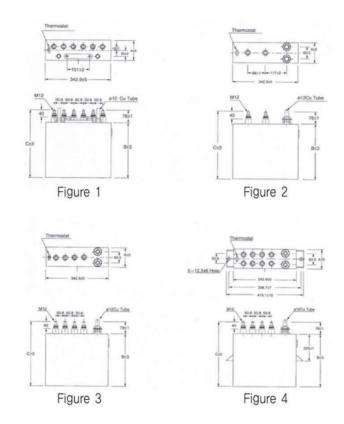
When more than 2 capacitors are connected in paralleled, there should be space at least 35mm. The flow quantity of cooling water shall be more than 5\( \extrm{l} / \textrm{min.} \)

In case when capacitor is kept at subzero temperature, remove the water entirely from copper pipe



## 4-8 Water Cooling Capacitor

#### > Diagram



#### > Ratings and Dimensions

Frequency	Rated Votage	Rated Capacity	Total				μF Per	Section				Dim	ension [	mm]	Figure
[Hz]	[V]	[kvar]	[µF]	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Α	В	С	Figure
960	800	450	117	5	8	16	44	44	-	-	-	136.7	330,2	398.2	1
960	1000	480	80	13	13	27	27	-	-	-	-	104.6	330,2	398.2	3
1000	1250	750	76	3	3	3	3	13	13	19	19	104.6	360,2	428.0	1
1200	1250	1200	102	-	-	17	17	17	17	17	17	104.6	330,2	398.2	4
2000	1250	300	15	7.6	7.6	_	_	-	-	-	-	136.7	200.0	368.0	2
3000	400	300	100	7	13	27	53	-	-	-	-	104.6	200.0	268.0	2
3000	800	1000	84	21	21	21	21	-	_	-	-	104.6	330,2	398.2	3
3000	1250	1200	40	3	3	3	3	7	7	7	7	104.6	330,2	398.2	1
3000	1250	1200	40	2	2	2	2	6	10	10	10	104.6	330.2	398.2	4

<sup>\*</sup> Approximate Dimensions and ratings are given above. Please contact factory to check it before order.



#### 4-9 Surge Absorbing Capacitor

#### > Application

This product was developed by our company in 1976 to absorb and reduce surge which may be generated when the breaker is open or close and lighting surge

by connecting transmission line and, closed and lightning surge which may be delivered by connecting transmission line and ground.

Its dielectric is polypropylene film which has excellent withstand voltage and good quality capacitor paper and it also contains specially produced composite oil.

The Capacitor with series resistance was developed to improve electric feature.

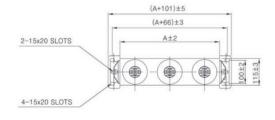
#### > Product Scope

- · Installation Place : Indoor / Outdoor
- Ambient Temperature: -20°C ~ +40°C [below average 35°C per day, below 25°C average per year]

#### > Technical Data

Tolerance	$-5\% \sim +15\%$ [at 20°C], le	ess than 108% of unbalar	nced ratio between phases						
May avenuellage	Below 110% of rated voltage: within 8 hours per day Below 115% of rated voltage: within 30 minutes per day								
Max overvoltage	Below 120% of rated voltage [less than 2 times of 5 min, per month] Below 130% of rated voltage [less than 2 times of 1 min, per month]								
Max overcurrent	Transient current 130% of	Transient current 130% of rated current allowed							
Withstand Voltage	Line voltage 3300V 6600V 11000V	Test v 16kVAC [1 min.] 22kVAC [1 min.] 28kVAC [1 min.]	voltage 45kVDC [10 sec.] 60kVDC [10 sec.] 90kVDC [10 sec.]						
	22000V	50kVAC [1 min,]	150kVDC [10 sec.]						
Capacitor Loss [Under stabilized condition]	Less than 0.5% [at rated voltage, 20°C], in case C-R type less than 0.6%								
Reference Standard	JEM1362 [1999]								

#### > Diagram



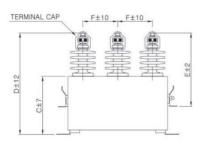
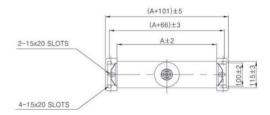


Figure 1



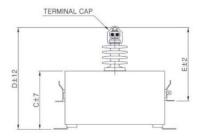


Figure 2



## 4-9 Surge Absorbing Capacitor

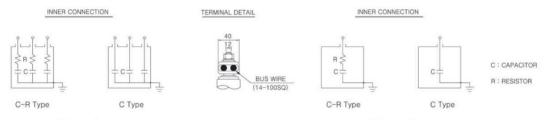
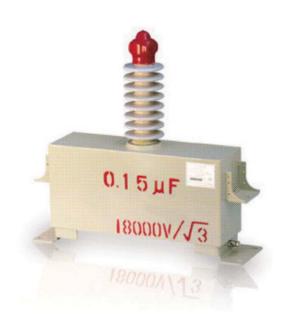


Figure 1 Figure 2

#### > Ratings and Dimensions

Rated Voltage	Rated Capacity	Type			Dimensi	on [mm]			Figure
[V]	[μF]	Type	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	Figure 1
3300/√3	0.05 μF x 3	THF-T30015T [CR]	430	115	250	435	315	150	
3300/√3	0.1 μF x 3	THF-T3003T [CR]	430	115	220	435	315	150	
3300/√3	0.5 μF x 3	THF-T305T	430	115	270	455	315	150	1
3300/√3	0.8 μF x 3	THF-T3024T	430	115	270	455	315	150	
6600/√3	0.05 μF x 3	THF-T60015T [CR]	430	115	250	435	315	150	
6600/√3	0.1 μF x 3	THF-T6003T [CR]	430	115	250	435	315	150	
22900/√3	0.1 μF	THF-T23001S	430	145	250	520	400	_	
13800/√3	0.3 μF	THF-T13003S	430	145	280	510	360	_	2
24000/√3	0.2 μF	THF-T24002S	430	145	350	620	400	-	2
24000/√3	0.4 μF	THF-T24004S	530	135	450	720	400	-	

<sup>\*</sup> Approximate Ratings and Dimensions are given above. Please contact factory before order.





#### 4-9 Surge Absorbing Capacitor

#### > Operation principle

To explain the effect of surge absorbing capacitor, the rotator is expressed as intensive equivalent resistance R as in the figure A.

In parallel with this, on the circuit to which the protecting Capcitor is connected,

VO = EOH[t] travelling wave invaded from line of surge impedance Z.

Then terminal voltage of R and C is Vc, the current Ip at P point Is

$$Ip = C \frac{dVc}{dt} + \frac{1}{R} Vc = \frac{1}{Z} [2Vo - Vo]$$

To rearrange the expression  $\frac{d}{dt} = P$ , Vo = EoH[t]

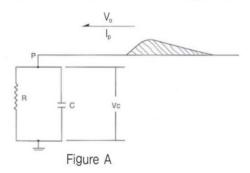
$$PVc = \left(\frac{R+Z}{CRZ}\right)Vc = \frac{2Eo}{CZ}H[t]$$

$$\left(\frac{R+Z}{CRZ}\right) = \alpha$$

$$Vc = \frac{2Eo}{CZ} \times \frac{1}{P+\alpha} H[t] = \frac{2Eo}{\alpha CZ} [1-e^{-\alpha t}] H[t]$$

When Z and R is constant and C is changed, the terminal voltage of the rotator Vc is as in the figure B. From this, it can be seen that the wave height value is reduced

according to the value of C or R. When R =  $\infty$  and C =  $0.3\mu\text{F}$ , the terminal voltage of the rotator is reduced to 1/2 of invasion wave, which shows the effects of surge absorbing capcitor.



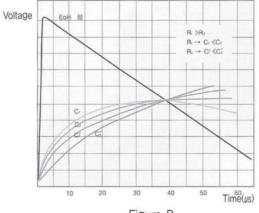


Figure B



## 4-10 Grounding Capacitor

#### > Application

This porduct was developed by our company in 1975 to improve capacity between distribution lines and earth by connecting the 2nd winding distribution lines of insulation transformer and earth,

It uses polypropylene film which has excellent insulation ability and good quality capacitor paper as dielectric and contains specially produced composite oil to improve electric feature.

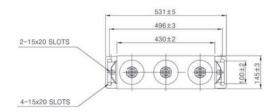
#### > Product Scope

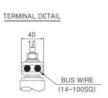
- · Installation Place : Indoor / Outdoor
- Ambient Temperature: -20°C ~ +40°C[below 35°C average per day, below 25°C average per year]

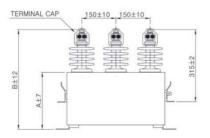
#### > Technical Data

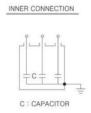
Tolerance	-5% ~ +15% [at 20℃] les	s than 108% of unbalanced	ratio hetween phases				
Tolorance		ge: within 12 hours per day					
		ge: within 30 minutes per o					
Max overvoltage	Below 120% of rated voltage						
	Below 130% of rated voltage: within 1 minute						
	Below 182% of rated voltage	ge: within 2 seconds					
Max overcurrent	Transient current 130% of rated current allowed						
	Between case and all of terminals						
VACU 1 1 V - 11	Line voltage	Test	voltage				
Withstand Voltage	3300V	10kVAC [1 min.]	30kVDC [10 sec.]				
	6600V	16kVAC [1 min,]	45kVDC [10 sec.]				
Capacitor Loss	Less than 0.35% [at rated	voltage, 20°C]					
Painting Color	Munsell no. 5Y 7/1						
Reference Standard	JEM1362 [1999]						

#### > Diagram











#### 4-10 Grounding Capacitor

#### > Ratings and Dimensions

Line Veltage [V]	Dated Capacity [lavar]	Type	Dimensi	on [mm]
Line Voltage [V]	Rated Capacity [kvar]	Type	А	В
3300	10	TBF-T36010Y	490	on [mm] B 675 475
6600	10	TBF-T66010Y	290	475

<sup>\*</sup> Approximate Dimensions are give above. Please contact factory for exact deimensions of a particular capacitor

#### > Operation Principle

In 3 phase circuit, for 1 line grounding current is calculated from the following formula.

 $Ig = 3i\omega CEa = i\sqrt{3}E \times 2\pi fC$ 

Ig: Grounding Current [A] E: Line Voltage [V]

Ea: Phase Voltage [V] C: Equivalent Ground Capacitance [C = C<sub>1</sub>+C<sub>2</sub>]

lc1 [Ground fault current Ig in figure A - charged current after zero phase current transformer [ZCT]] passes the zero phase current transformer. Therefore, ground fault current Ig1 passing ZCT can be calculated from the following formula.

$$Ig_1 = \sqrt{3}E \times 2\pi \times f \times C_1$$

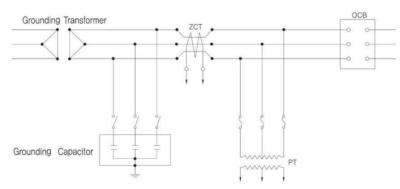
When the distance between transformer and ZCT is small, ground capacity in line is small and penetration ground fault current lg1 is not enough to move circuit breaker. Therefore, use capacitor for earthing to improve ground capacity in line.

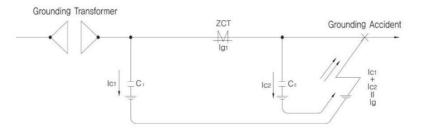
For example, when E = 3300V,  $C_1 = 0.5 \mu F$ , and f = 50Hz in figure B, ZCT penetration ground fault current is as following:

$$Ig_1 = \sqrt{3} \times 3300 \times 2\pi \times 60 \times 0.5 \times 10^{-6} = 1.08A$$

Since detecting current of grounding breaker is selected to be 0.1 ~ 0.8A, it is good to select the value of C1 to be more than this value

[C<sub>1</sub> is equivalent to 1 phase and in case of C<sub>1</sub> =  $0.5\mu F$ , capacitor for grounding of  $0.5\mu F \times 3$  is to be selected1







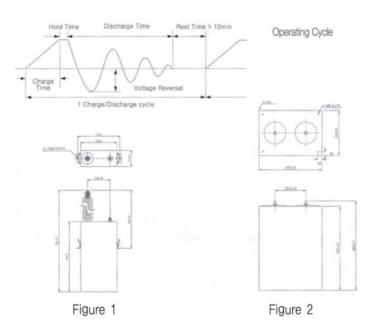
### 4-11 Pulse Power Capacitor

#### > Application

It is normally used in the area of power supply device for tests, for example IVG, ICG, Mark Generator, Power Supply for L-C resonance circuit and small scale power supply for fusion study and Power supply pulse power[state of art medical instruments, rock destruction and pulse laser] and recently, households which use this capacitor have been rapidly increased.

Since high energy density capacitor for pulse power is the key part of aircrafts [fighter, artificial satellite and passenger airplane], electronic / electric heat chemical gun, high efficiency laser and high efficiency munitions such as radar, the supply of this product was difficult since the industrialized countries regulated the outflow of technology. But, recently our company mass porduced the capacitor resulting in smooth supply of the product, In 1997, 11kVDC 150µF 9kJ rated capacitor for energy storage was developed with our own technology and delivered them for power supply of simple composite test facility and its performance has been recognized.

Several capacitors were also installed at heavy electro mechanics manufacturers in Korea and are used for test facilities.



#### > PulsePower Low Capacitor

This product uses polypropylene film which has excellent withstand voltage and good quality capacitor paper as dielectric and contains refined impregnation oil, resulting in high reliability. To minimize inner inductance, it employs non inductive solder for reducing self inductance.

- · Installation Place : Indoor
- Ambient Temperature: -10°C ~ +40°C [Average 35°C or less per day]
- · Technical Data

Tolerance	-10% ∼ +10% [at 20°C]
Insulation Resistance	More than 1000MΩ between batch terminal and case [below20℃]
Withstand Voltage	Rated voltage × 1.2 times, for 60 seconds between terminal and case
Painting Color	Munsell no. 5Y 7/1
Self Inductance	Max, 150nH
Duty Cycle	Pause for more than 10 min, per charging / discharging
Voltage Reversal	20% ~ 90%



### **4-11 Pulse Power Capacitor**

#### > Ratings and Dimensions

Rated Volage	Capacity	Joule	Tuna			Dim	nension [r	mm]			Weight	Figure	Domorko
[kVDC]	[µF]	[kJ]	Type	Α	В	C	D	Е	F	F	[kg]	Figure	Figure Remarks
11	150	9.08	TFT-T11150S	810	995	160	315	370	424	228	70.7		
40	0.01	0.01	TFT-T40001S	190	375	115	315	430	496	300	20.8	1	Steel
40	11	8.80	TFT-T40011S	560	745	170	530	530	583	300	71.8		
100	0.5	2.50	TFT-T100001S	390	660	135	530	530	583	380	42.6		Case
100	1.0	5.00	TFT-T100001S	690	690	135	530	530	583	380	73.4		
25	0.3	0.09	TAE-25001S	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.7	2	Plastic
100	0.1	0.50	THE-100001S	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	7.5	2	Case

<sup>\*</sup> Approximate Ratings and Dimensions are given above. Please contact factory before order.

#### > High Energy Density Pulse Power Capacitor

With metalized polypropylene film made through metalized technology and good quality capacitor paper as dielectric, this product realized high energy density, high reliability and long life span.

- · Installation Place: Indoor
- Ambient Temperature for Use: -10°C ~ +40°C [below 35°C average per day]
- · Techinical Data

Tolerance	-10% ~ +10% [at 20℃]
Insulation Resistance	More than $1000M\Omega$ between batch terminal and case
insulation resistance	[below 20℃]
Withstand Voltage	Rated voltage × 1.2 times, for 60 seconds between
withstand voitage	terminal and case
Painting Color	Munsell no. 5Y 7/1
Self Inductance	Max. 150nH
Duty Cyclo	Pause for more than 10 min, per charging /
Duty Cycle	discharging
Voltage Reversal	20% ~ 90%



#### > Ratings and Dimension

Rated Volage	Capacity	Energy Density	Time	Type Dimension [mm]		nm]	Weight	Figure
[kVDC]	[µF]	[kJ/kg]	туре	А	В	С	[kg]	Figure
20	200	0.33	SDF-T20200S	620	660	340	120	2

#### > Basic Information for Order

- Capacity and tolerance on capacitance
- Charging time and hold time
- Rated voltage and voltage reversal [%] Maximum current [kA] in discharging and discharge time
- Required life span and 1 time charging / discharging cycle



#### 5. Reactor

#### > Application

Reactor is used in conjuction with capacitor banks in series.

Its main function is to compensative or produce reactive power.

According to the purpose of use, reactor helps to limit inrush or short-circuit current, filter out harmonics.

#### Product scope

Installation Place: Indoor / Outdoor

Ambient Temperature for Use: -20°C ~ +40°C[below 35°C average per day]

Technical Data

Max overcurrent	Less than rated current 120% of effective value of resultant
Temperature Rise	Oil type: winding 55°C[resistance method], impregnant 50°C[thermometer method]
Insulation resistance	More than $500M\Omega$ [1000VDC : Oil type]
Reference standard	IEC 289

#### > Check points for the connection of Capacitor&Reactor

Check the followed points before operating series reactors with capacitor

- 1. Check status of bolts and nuts on connecting terminals
- 2. Check status of insulated oil surface and the oil regulary per 6 months
- 3. After stoping the operation, check point no1 & 2 should be checked before re-operation
- 4. Noise is supposed to be generated but if noise is so harsh[incluing that harmonic is 35%], contact to us
- 5. When shut off from power supply, residual voltage at terminal should be checked on reactor with D.C.
- 6. Arrange capacitors and reactors, be careful not to lean leading power factor for preventing overheats
- 7. For dry type reactors, check noise and status of outside insulation.

#### > Adjustment capacitance with reactor

- 1. Decreasing capacitance of capacitor
- If it needs to reduce capacitance of capacitor, it makes increasing reactance of capacitor and decreasing the reactance ratio on capacitor versus reactor. So there is high possibility to cause Harmonic enlargement.
- 2. Increasing capacitance of capacitor
- If it needs to increase capacitance of capacitor, it makes increasing the reactance ratio on capacitor versus reactor.

So, it needs to change series reactor.

#### > Rated voltage according to line voltage \* 3Phase reactor 6% Line Voltage [V] 220 380 440 3300 6600 11400 22000 22900 Rated Voltage [V] 7.6 13.2 15.2 229 395 762

## Technology Provider



#### **5-1 Series Reactor**

#### > Series Reactor Oil Type for Extra High Voltage

#### Diagram

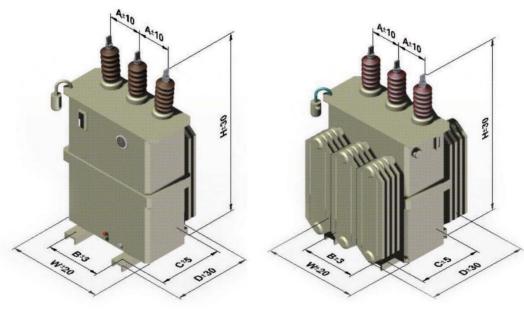


Figure 1 Figure 2

#### · Ratings and Dimensions

\* Bracket Hole: 4-15 × 20slots

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Line	Reactor	Capacity Capacity	Rated Current	Type		D	imensi	on [m	m]		Oil	Weight	Figure
Voltage[V]	[kvar]	[kvar]	[A]		Н	W	D	Α	В	С	[0]	[kg]	
	9	150	3.8	HSR20KA-9	1300	700	530	300	360	450	120	245	
	18	300	7.8	HSR20KA-18	1400	770	620	300	360	450	135	385	1
	36	600	15.1	HSR20KA-36	1400	820	780	300	400	450	200	435	1
	60	1000	25.2	HSR20KA-60	1500	900	800	300	500	525	320	650	
	72	1200	30.3	HSR20KA-72	1500	960	850	300	500	525	360	730	
	90	1500	37.8	HSR20KA-92	1600	1100	850	300	560	525	400	950	
	120	2000	50.4	HSR20KA-120	1720	1100	850	300	560	550	400	1000	
	150	2500	63.0	HSR20KA-150	1720	1150	960	320	560	550	470	1080	
22900	180	3000	75.6	HSR20KA-180	1720	1150	960	320	560	550	550	1220	
	240	4000	100.8	HSR20KA-240	1720	1250	1120	320	700	650	580	1450	
	300	5000	126.0	HSR20KA-300	1800	1350	1220	350	800	650	700	2100	2
	360	6000	151.2	HSR20KA-360	1800	1350	1220	350	800	650	780	2200	
	450	7500	189.0	HSR20KA-450	1900	1500	1550	400	800	750	850	2500	
	540	9000	226.9	HSR20KA-540	2000	1600	1600	400	1000	750	900	2600	
	720	12000	302.5	HSR20KA-720	2100	1600	1700	400	1000	750	1200	3500	
	900	15000	378.1	HSR20KA-900	2100			400	1000	750	1850	4300	
	1200	20000	504.2	HSR20KA-1200	2200	1650	2000	400	1000	800	2200	5100	

<sup>\*</sup> Approximate Ratings and Dimensions are given above. Please contact factory before order.



#### **5-1 Series Reactor**

#### > Series Reactor Oil Type for High Voltage

#### Diagram

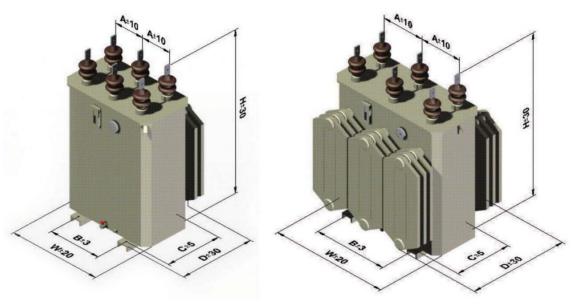


Figure 1

Figure 2

#### · Ratings and Dimensions

\* Bracket Hole :  $4-15 \times 20$ slots \* 3300V Type No, HSR30A-Reactance

Line	Reactor Capacity	Capacitor Capacity	Type	Rated \	Voltage /]		ted ent [A]		D	imensi	on [mr	n]		Oil	Weight	Figure
Voltage [V]	[kvar]	[kvar]	[6600V]	6600V	3300V	6600V	3300V	Н	W	D	Α	В	С	[0]	[kg]	
	3	50	HSR-60A-3			4.37	8.75	920	530	380	150	300	325	70	125	
	4.5	75	HSR-60A-4.5			6.58	13.10	920	530	380	150	300	325	80	130	
	6	100	HSR-60A-6			8.75	17.50	920	580	380	180	300	325	80	150	
	9	150	HSR-60A-9			13.10	26.20	920	580	380	180	300	325	90	160	
	12	200	HSR-60A-12			17.50	34.90	1030	580	530	180	360	375	100	200	1
	15	250	HSR-60A-15			21.90	43.70	1030	630	560	180	360	375	120	220	
	18	300	HSR-60A-18			26.20	52.50	1030	630	560	180	360	375	120	240	
	21	350	HSR-60A-21			30.60	61.20	1030	630	560	180	360	375	140	260	
	24	400	HSR-60A-24			35.00	70.00	1150	680	640	180	360	375	165	300	
6600	30	500	HSR-60A-30			43.70	87.50	1200	680	640	200	400	400	180	370	
&	36	600	HSR-60A-36	229	114	52.40	104.80	1200	730	680	220	400	400	190	390	
	42	700	HSR-60A-42	223	114	61.20	122.40	1200	730	730	220	400	400	210	420	
3300	45	750	HSR-60A-45			65.30	131.20	1200	730	730	220	400	400	210	430	
	48	800	HSR-60A-48			70.00	140.00	1280	730	770	220	400	450	210	440	
	54	900	HSR-60A-54			78.70	157.40	1280	730	770	220	400	450	260	450	
	60	1000	HSR-60A-60			87.50	175.00	1280	760	770	220	400	450	260	550	2
	72	1200	HSR-60A-72			105.00	210.00	1280	760	770	220	400	450	340	600	į.
	90	1500	HSR-60A-90			131.00	262.00	1350	1050	800	250	560	525	500	650	
	120	2000	HSR-60A-120			175.00	349.00	1500	1050	880	300	560	525	550	1100	
	150	2500	HSR-60A-150			219,00	437.00	1550	1150	950	300	660	525	560	1200	
	180	3000	HSR-60A-180			262.00	535.00	1550		1000	300	660	525	600	1400	
	240	4000	HSR-60A-240			350.00	700.00	1700	1200	1100	300	660	600	700	1600	

<sup>\*</sup> Approximate Ratings and Dimensions are given above. Please contact factory before order.

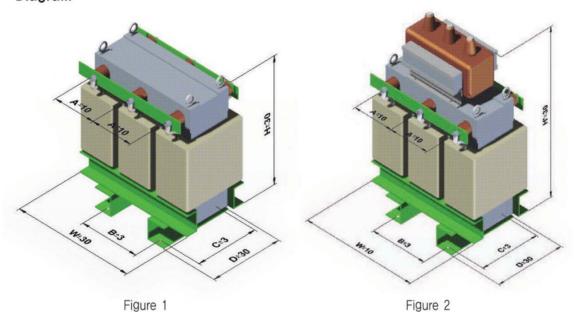
## Creative Technology Provider



#### **5-1 Series Reactor**

#### > Series Reactor Dry Type for Extra High Voltage

#### Diagram



#### · Ratings and Dimensions

\* Bracket Hole: 4-15 × 20slots \* 3300V Type No. HSR-30B-Reactance

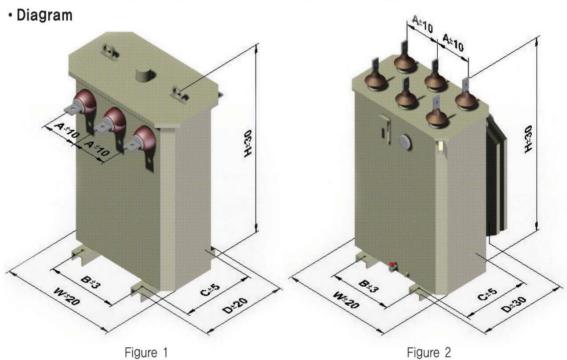
Line Voltage	Reactor Capacity	Capacitor Capacity	Type		Voltage V]		ted ent [A]		Dir	nensi	on [m	nm]		Weight		Figure
[V]	[kvar]	[kvar]	[6600V]	6600V	3300V	6600V	3300V	Н	W	D	Α	В	C	[kg]	H'	
	1.8	30	HSR-60B-1.8			2.62	5.25	380	450	320	130	260	225	50	670	
	3	50	HSR-60B-3			4.37	8.75	410	450	330	130	260	225	60	670	
	4.5	75	HSR-60B-4.5			6.56	13.10	430	500	330	130	260	225	70	670	
	6	100	HSR-60B-6			8.75	17.50	460	500	340	130	260	225	80	700	
	9	150	HSR-60B-9			13.10	26.20	480	500	350	130	260	225	100	700	
	12	200	HSR-60B-12			17.50	34.90	490	550	350	150	260	225	120	700	
	15	250	HSR-60B-15			21.90	43.70	500	550	360	150	260	225	150	720	
0000	18	300	HSR-60B-18			26.20	52.50	500	550	370	150	260	225	160	735	
6600	21	350	HSR-60B-21			60,60	61.20	510	550	370	150	260	225	170	770	
&	24	400	HSR-60B-24	229	114	35.00	70.00	550	600	380	170	360	250	180	770	1 or 2
3300	30	500	HSR-60B-30			43.70	87.50	550	600	380	170	360	250	220	780	
	36	600	HSR-60B-36			52.40	104.80	570	600	380	170	360	250	240	800	
	42	700	HSR-60B-42			61.20	122.40	590	650	400	180	400	300	280	800	
	45	750	HSR-60B-45			65.60	131.20	590	650	400	180	400	300	300	800	
	48	800	HSR-60B-48			70.00	140.00	590	650	430	180	400	300	320	800	
	54	900	HSR-60B-54			78.70	157.50	570	700	430	200	400	300	350	720	
	60	1000	HSR-60B-60			87.50	175.00	570	700	430	200	400	300	400	720	
	72	1200	HSR-60B-72			105.00		730	800	470	250	460	300	420	880	-
	90	1500	HSR-60B-90			131.20	262.40	770	850	880	250	460	300	550	920	

<sup>\*</sup> Approximate Ratings and Dimensions are given above. Please contact factory before order.



#### **5-1 Series Reactor**

#### > Series Reactor Oil Type for Low Voltage



#### · Ratings and Dimensions

\* Bracket Hole: 4-15 × 20slots \* 220V Type No. HSR-02B-Reactance

Line Voltage	Reactor Capacity	Capacitor Capacity	Type		Voltage V]		ted ent [A]		Di	mensi	on [mi	m]		Oil	Weight	Figure
[V]	[kvar]	[kvar]	[440V]	440V	220V	440V	220V	Н	W	D	Α	В	C	[0]	[kg]	
	1.5	25	HSR-04A-1.5			32,60	65.60	750	530	420	120	260	300	35	90	
	3	50	HSR-04A-3			65.60	131.20	750	530	420	120	260	300	35	100	
	4.5	75	HSR-04A-4.5			98.40	196.80	750	530	420	120	260	300	48	115	1
220	6	100	HSR-04A-6			131,20	262.40	750	580	450	140	300	325	60	150	
	9	150	HSR-04A-9	150	7.62	196.80	393.60	750	580	450	140	300	325	60	170	
&	12	200	HSR-04A-12	15.2	1.02	262.40	524.80	900	580	480	180	300	375	90	200	
440	15	250	HSR-04A-15			328.00	656.00	950	630	530	180	300	375	100	220	
	18	300	HSR-04A-18			393,60	787.30	950	630	530	180	300	375	110	230	2
	24	400	HSR-04A-24			524.80	1049.70	1050	650	550	200	360	375	130	280	
	30	500	HSR-04A-30			656.00	1312,20	1220	680	640	200	400	400	150	350	

<sup>\*</sup> Approximate Ratings and Dimensions are given above. Please contact factory before order.

## Creative Technology Provider



#### **5-1 Series Reactor**

#### > Series Reactor Dry Type for Low Voltage

#### Diagram

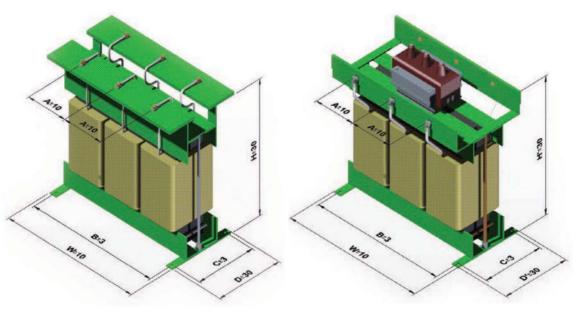


Figure 1 Figure 2

#### \* Bracket Hole: 4-15 × 20slots \* 220V Type No. HSR-02B-Reactance

#### · Ratings and Dimensions

Line Voltage		Capacitor Capacity	Type	Rated '	Voltage /]		ted ent [A]		Dir	nensi	on [m	m]		Weight	W/	DC	Figure
[V]	[kvar]	[kvar]	[440V]	440V	220V	440V	220V	Н	W	D	Α	В	C	[kg]	H'	D'	
	0.6	10	HSR-04B-0.6			13.10	26.20	290	300	200	90	260	125	19	390	260	
	0.9	15	HSR-04B-0.9			19.70	39.30	290	300	200	90	260	125	20	390	260	
	1.2	20	HSR-04B-1.2			26.20	52.40	300	300	200	90	260	125	22	400	260	
	1.5	25	HSR-04B-1.5			32.80	65.60	300	300	200	90	260	125	25	400	260	
	1.8	30	HSR-04B-1.8			39.30	78.70	300	300	200	90	260	125	26	400	260	
	2.4	40	HSR-04B-2.4			52.40	104.90	300	350	200	100	320	125	32	400	260	
440	3	50	HSR-04B-3			65.60	131,20	300	350	200	100	320	125	34	400	260	
&	4.5	75	HSR-04B-4.5	15.2	7.62	98.40	196.80	370	350	220	100	320	150	50	470	260	1 or 2
220	6	100	HSR-04B-6			131.20	262.40	370	380	220	120	340	150	65	470	260	
	9	150	HSR-04B-9			196.80	393,60	385	400	220	120	360	150	80	485	270	
	12	200	HSR-04B-12			262.40	524.80	430	450	220	130	400	175	100	500	280	
	15	250	HSR-04B-15			328.00	656.00	400	450	300	130	400	175	115	530	280	
	18	300	HSR-04B-18			393.60	767.30	500	500	300	150	460	175	125	560	280	
	24	400	HSR-04B-24			524.80	1049.70	550	550	300	180	500	200	160	610	450	
	30	500	HSR-04B-30			656.00	1312.20	550	600	300	180	500	200	200	600	450	

<sup>\*</sup> Approximate Ratings and Dimensions are given above. Please contact factory before order.



### 5-2 Discharge Coil

#### > Application

Discharge coil are normally connected to the capacitor units or capacitor banks, based on the intention of discharging residual electricity in short time when the capacitors or capacitor banks cut out from the

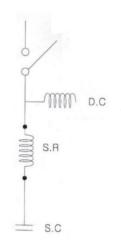
Therefore it helps more safety operation of capacitor and capacitor bank,

#### > Product Scope

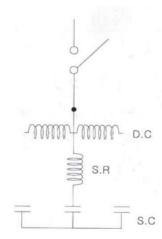
- Installation Place : Indoor[Dry type] or Outdoor[Oil type]
- · Technical Data

Altitude	Up to 1000m
Ambient Temperature	-20°C ~ +40°C [Not exceed average 35°C]
Discharge Voltage	50V or Lesser in 5seconds
Max overvoltage	110% rated voltage or Less

#### > Connection



(Normal Discharge Coil)



(Discharge coil with internal reactor)

SC: Shunt Capacitor SR: Shunt Reactor DC: Discharge Coil

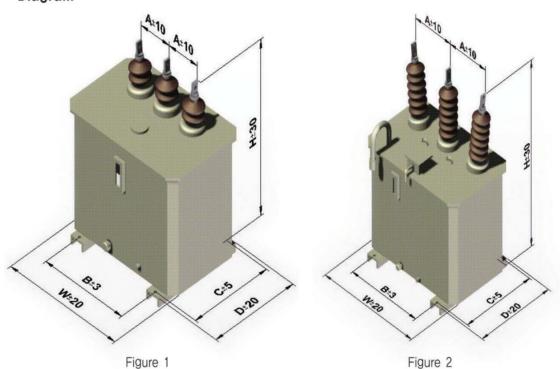
## Creative Technology Provider



## 5-2 Discharge Coil

#### > Discharge Coil Oil Type

Diagram



\* Bracket Hole :  $4-15 \times 20$ slots \* 220V Type No. HDC-02A-03 \* 3300V Type No. HDC-30A-04, 05

#### · Ratings and Dimensions

Line Voltage [V]	Discharge	Туре			Dimensi	on [mm]			Oil	Weight	Figure
Line Voltage [V]	Capacity [kvar]	[440V/22900V]	Н	W	D	Α	В	С	[0]	[kg]	Figure
440/220	10~1000	HDC-04A-01	350	350	235	100	200	225	15	45	-
6600/3300	10~3000	HDC-60A-02	700	520	350	230	300	325	30	80	1
22900/13200 1ø	10~3000	HDC-20KA-03	950	580	450	300	360	400	55	120	2
22900/6600 1ø	100~2000	HDC-20KA-04	950	700	450	300	400	400	75	160	2

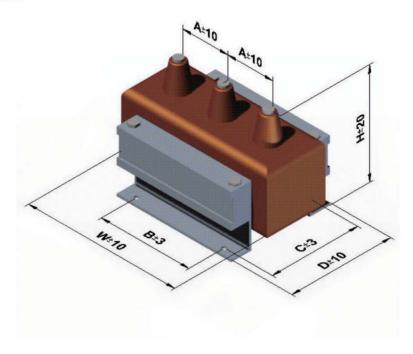
<sup>\*</sup> Approximate Ratings and Dimensions are given above. Please contact factory before order.



## 5-2 Discharge Coil

#### > Discharge Coil Dry Type

#### · Diagram



\* Bracket Hole :  $4-15 \times 20$ slots

\* 220V Type No. HDC-02B-Capacity

\* 3300V Type No. HDC-30A-0.4, 0.5

#### · Ratings and Dimensions

Line Voltage	Discharge Capacity	Туре		[	Dimensi	on [mm	]		Weight	Figure
[V]	[kvar]	[440V/22900V]	Н	W	D	Α	В	С	[kg]	0
440/220	10~1000	HDC-04B-Capacity	130	195	130	55	90	100	7	1
6600/3300	10~1500	HDC-04B-Capacity	260	360	200	130	200	160	30	2

<sup>\*</sup> Approximate Ratings and Dimensions are given above. Please contact factory before order.



## 6. Appendix

#### < Capacity Table >

\* Use this table to calculate necessary capacity according load quantity and present power factor.

US	e this	table	01 6	calcu	ılate	nece	essar	y car	pacity	y acc	cordii	ng Io	ad q	uanti	ty ar	na pr	esen	t pou	ver to	actor		
								Po	wer l	Facto	r Afte	er Imp	orov	emet	= co	$s\theta_2$						
		1.00	0.99	0.98	0.97	0.96	0.95	0.94	0.93	0.92	0.91	0.90	0.89	0.88	0.87	0.86	0.85	0.84	0.83	0.82	0.81	0.80
																			106			
	0.51	169	154	148	144	140	136	132	129	126	123	120	118	115	112	109	107	104	102	99	96	94
	0.52																		97	95	92	89
	0.53																98	95	93	90	88	85
	0.54															97	94	91	89	86	84	81
	0.55													98	95	93	90	87	85	82	80	77
	0.56	148	134	128	123	119	115	112	109	105	102	100	97	94	91	89	86	83	81	78	76	73
	0.57										99	96	93	90	88	85	82	80	77	74	72	69
	0.58									98	95	92	89	87	84	81	79	76	73	71	68	66
	0.59								97	94	91	89	96	83	80	78	75	72	70	67	65	62
	0.60								94	91	88	85	82	79	77	74	71	69	66	64	61	58
	0.61						97	94	90	87	84	82	79	76	73	71	68	65	63	60	58	55
	0.62					97	94	90	87	84	81	78	75	73	70	67	65	62	59	57	54	52
	0.63				98	94	90	87	84	81	78	75	72	69	67	64	61	59	56	54	51	48
	0.64				95	91	87	84	81	78	75	72	69	66	63	61	58	56	53	50	48	45
	0.65			97	92	88	84	81	77	74	71	69	66	63	60	58	55	52	50	47	45	42
	0.66			94	89	85	81	78	74	71	68	65	63	60	57	55	52	49	47	44	41	39
16	0.67		97	91	86	82	78	75	71	68	65	62	60	57	54	52	49	46	44	41	38	36
cos	0.68			88	83	79	75	72	68	65	62	59	57	54	51	49	46	43	41	38	35	33
0	0.69		91	85	80	76	72	69	65	62	59	57	54	51	48	46	43	40	38	35	33	30
	0.70		88	82	77	73	69	66	63	59	56	54	51	48	45	43	40	38	35	32	30	27
me	0.71	99	85	79	74	70	66	63	60	57	54	51	48	45	43	40	37	35	32	29	27	24
Power Factor Before Imporovement	0.72	96	82	76	71	67	64	60	57	54	51	48	45	42	40	37	34	32	29	27	24	21
Orc	0.73	94	79	73	69	64	61	57	54	51	48	45	42	40	37	34	32	29	26	24	21	19
dm	0.74	91	77	71	66	62	58	55	51	48	45	43	40	37	34	32	29	26	24	21	19	16
9	0.75	88	74	68	63	59	55	52	49	46	43	40	37	34	32	29	26	24	21	18	16	13
efo	0.76	86	71	65	60	56	53	49	46	43	40	37	34	32	29	26	24	21	18	16	13	11
Ä	0.77		69	63	58	54	50	47	43	40	37	35	32	29	26	24	21	18	16	13	11	8
Stor	0.78		66	60	55	51	47	44	41	38	35	32	29	26	24	21	18	16	13	10	8	5
Fac	0.79		63	57	53	48	45	41	38	35	32	29	26	24	21	18	16	13	10	8	5	2.6
er	0.80		61	55	50	46	42	39	36	32	29	27	24	21	18	16	13	10	8	5	2.6	
MO	0.81	72	58	52	47	43	40	36	33	30	27	24	21	18	16	13	10	8	5	2.6	2,0	
Δ.	0.82		56	50	45	41	37	34	30	27	24	21	19	16	13	11	8	5	2.6	2.0		
	0.83		53	47	42	38	34	31	28	25	22	19	16	13	11	8	5	2.6	2.0			
	0.84		50	44	40	35	32	28	25	22	19	16	13	11	8	5	2.6	2.0				
	0.85		48	42	37	33	29	26	23	19	16	14	11	8	5	2.7	2.0	*************	-			-
	0.86		45	39	24	30	26	23	20	17	14	11	8	5	2.6	2,1						
	0.87		42	36	32	28	24	20	17	14	11	8	6	2.7	2.0			-		-	-	
				-	75 77 77 77		-	-			-		-	2.1								-
	0.88		40	34	29	25	21	18	15	11	8	6	2.8	-								
	0.89		37	31	26	22	18	15	12	9	6	2.8										-
	0.90		34	28	23	19	16	12	9	6	2.8	-		-								-
	0.91		31	25	21	16	13	9	6	3												
	0.92		28	22	18	13	10	6	3.1		-							-				
	0.93		25	19	14	10	7	3.2														
	0.94		22	16	11	7	3.4															
	0.95		19	13	8	3.7																
	0.96		15	9	4.1																	
	0.97		11	4.8																		
	0.98		6																			
		14																				



### **6-1 Capacitor Calculation**

#### < Guid for Capacitor Selection >

1. Before choosing capacitors

Consider the quality and after service of capacitors

Access power capacitors as the aspect of power compensation to use energy more efficiently

2. Knowing Capacity you may need

To know the necessary capacity, follow the under steps

Step 1. What is the value of full load power being operated in kW?

Step 2. What is the value of power factor  $[\cos \Theta_1]$  at present?

In case of New factory, power factor of each load might be changed, so it needs to be investigated.

Step 3. Set the value of target power factor  $[\cos \Theta_2]$ 

Step 4. Using aboved values, calculate the necessary capacity using formula or capacity table offered.

For example  $\rangle$  The value of load power is 1000[kW] with power factor 0.75. But your target power factor is 0.95.

1) The formula to get the value of capacity

$$Qc = P \times \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \theta_1}}{\cos \theta_1}\right) - \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \theta_2}}{\cos \theta_2}\right)$$

 $= P \times \{ \tan \theta_1 - \tan \theta_2 \}$ 

 $= P \times \{ \tan \cdot \cos^{-1}(\cos \theta_1) - \tan \cdot \cos^{-1}(\cos \theta_2) \}$ 

 $= 1000 \times (\tan \cdot \cos^{-1} 0.75 - \tan \cdot \cos^{-1} 0.95)$ 

= 553[kvar]

Qc : Capacity [kvar]
P : Load [kW]

 $\cos \theta_1$ : Power factor at present

 $\cos\theta_2$ : Target power factor setting

#### 2 Using Capacity Table offered

Find the value of crossing point on the table between power factor at present and the target power factor. In this case, the value of crossing point between power factor 0.75 and target power factor 0.95 is 55% And multiply load value and the corrosing point value together.

 $Qc = 1000 \times 0.55 = 550[kvar]$ 

Notes >

1. With the value of Capacity more than 300kvar on high voltage and more than 50kvar on low voltage, capacitors can not prevent harmonics and inrush current themselves.

Therefore, series reactor needs to be installed together with capacitor.

Also it is recommended installing discharging coil to make sure perfect discharging performance,

2. The units to express capacity are 'kvar' or ' $\mu$ F'. Following formula is for conversion of those two units;

Qc =  $2 \times \pi \times f \times C \times V^2 \times 10^{-9}$ [kvar]

$$C = \frac{Qc \times 10^9}{2 \times \pi \times f \times V^2} [\mu F]$$

C: Capacity [µF]
Qc: Capacity [kvar]
f: Frequency [Hz]
V: Rated voltage [V]

 $\pi$ : Integer [3.141592654]



#### 6-2 Tips for Handling Capacitor

#### < Installation Place >

Inatallation place shall be dry and well ventilated. Avoid the places such as where corrosive gases or dust are much or agitation occurs. Capacitor rack shall be installed on the base of concrete and tightened with bolt

#### < Ambient Temperature >

Ambient temperature shall not exceed Temperature Class A

[average temperature per day shall be less than 35℃]

#### < Earthing >

Earth of capacitor shall be grounded with No.1 type grounding

be more than 5.5mm<sup>2</sup>.

#### < Cooperation for protection >

When Y type connected unit capacitor is used, the ratio of current transformer and OCR tap adjustment shall be done as in the table.

#### < Electric Wire >

Use twisted wire for connecting to capacitor. The square of wire shall be more than 1.35 times of rated current of capacitor.

#### < Wire Connection >

To connect the wires, remove 30mm of the covering material from the wire and tighten them. Torque in tightening shall be less than 250kgf · cm

#### < Attachment of Amperemeter >

It is desirable to attach amperemeter to capacitor circuit and distinguish the current of each phase using ampere select switch.

If not so, defective phase due to current from harmonics or bad switch contact may not be found.

		330V			6600V	
Capacity [kvar]	Rated Current [A]	CT Ratio [A / A]	OCRtab [A]	Rated Current [A]	CT Ratio [A / A]	OCRtab [A]
50	8.75	15/5	4	4.37	10/5	3
75	13.1	20/5	4	6.55	10/5	4
100	17.5	30/5	4	8.75	15/5	4
150	26.2	40/5	4	13.1	20/5	4
200	35.0	60/5	4	17.5	30/5	4
250	43.7	75/5	4	21.9	30/5	5
300	52,5	75/5	5	26.2	40/5	4
400	70.0	95/5	5	35.0	50/5	5
500	87.5	110/5	5	43.7	60/5	5

#### < Opening/Closing of Capacitor Circuit >

Capacitor has been produced with buil-in discharge resistance so that when it is opened from the circuit, the residual voltage can be reduced to less than 75V within 10 min. If the switch is turn on again when the residual voltage is not discharged enough, DC voltage becomes double and can be the cause of damage to capacitor.

When it is turn on/off within short time [within 5 seconds], it is recommended to install discharging coil together.

#### < Capacitor Transportation>

To transport capacitor, use the handle attached. Be sure not to grasp the bushing during the transportation.



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#### 6-3 Maintenance

#### < Attentions for Installed Place >

- 1] Ambient temperature shall not exceed  $-25^{\circ}$ C  $\sim +45^{\circ}$ C [average temperature per day shall be less than  $35^{\circ}$ C]
- 2] Installation place shall be dry and well ventilated. Avoid the place such as where corrosive gases or dust are much or agaitation occurs. Capacitor rack shall be installed on the base of concerete and tightened with bolts
- 3] When it is used as a part of group, the space between capacitors shall be more than 30mm for 220V  $10 \sim 500 \mu\text{F}$ , 40mm for  $600 \sim 1000 \mu\text{F}$ , 30mm for 380  $\sim 480\text{V}$  10kVA, 40mm for  $15 \sim 25\text{kVA}$  and 60mm for 50kVA considering the rise of temperature for air circulation.

The cubicle shall not sealed tightly and ambient temperature of the Capacitor shall be less than 40℃ in summer

- 4] Use the brackets attached to the body for transpotation and be sure not to grasp the bushing.
- 5] Use twisted wire for connecting to capacitor. The square of wire shall be more than 1.35 times of rated current of capacitor.
- 6] Earth of capacitor shall be grounded with No.1 type grounding construction [less than 10Q]
- 7] Capacitor has been produced with built in discharge resistance so that when it is opened from the circuit, the residual voltage can be reduced to less than 75V within 3 min. If the switch is turn on again when the residual voltage is not discharged enough, DC voltage becomes double and can be the cause of damage to capacitor.
  - When it turns on/off within short time [within 5 seconds], discharging coil is desirable.
- 8] If the capacitor is connected in series to induction motor as in the picture below, select the capacity to be the same with non load excitng current when capacitor current ≤ IM.[to prevent voltage rise against magnetic excitation.]

#### < General maintenance check points >

- 1] Maximum permissible voltage is within 110% of rated voltage. Confirm of the equilibrium on each phase. Please be careful of circuit voltage rise in slight load at night. If over voltage is applied to capacitor continuously, kvar quantity is increased relative to 2 square voltage rise which results in the increase of loss and rise of temperature leading to shortening of life span.
- 2] Confirm that current of capacitor is within 130% of rated current,
- 3] When more than 120% of rated current flows on capacitor, please check the current wave form with oscilloscope to know which harmonics current is the cause and install series reactor to control harmonics.
- 4] The temperature of capacitor case is designed to be less than  $65^{\circ}$ C in mid summer [ambient temperature  $45^{\circ}$ C]
- 5] Always check the current and voltage of capacitor circuit [3 phase equilibrium], clean bushings: more than once per 6 months [according to the state of contamination], measure capacity and insulation resistance: once per year.
  - But, for measurement of insulation resistance, confirm that DC mega measurement shall be more than  $1000M\Omega[per\ unit]$  between terminal and case
- 6] Check the connection part of the electronic switch used in capacitor circuit once per year to a minimum.
  - If the connection is not perfect, single phase operation or harmonics agitation voltage may be applied to the capacitor and it wil reduce the normal life span
- 7] Open the capacitor from the circuit when leading power facotr in slight load at night.





#### 6-3 Maintenance

#### < Maintenance points to Prevent Accidents >

To contact capacitor terminal for examination, open the switch on the side of power supply and leave it for 5 minutes as it is until the residual voltage goes below 50V. Then, use earth stick to discharge the residual voltage entirely and check the charging part.

- 1] The maximum permissible voltage of capacitor is less than 110% of rated voltage [within 12 hours per day]. Confirm that each phase is in equilibrium, Especially at night or afternoon, be careful to check the rise of circuit voltage. When over voltage is applied to capacitor, kvar is increased relatively 2 square of the voltage rise resulting in excessive increase of temperature of capacitor, leading to shorten life span. Therefore, it is desirable to separate the capacitor from the circuit in slight load.
- 2] The maximum temperature of capacitor case is designed to be 40°C to 60°C. If this limit is exceeded, forced wind cooling shall be employed to reduce the ambient temperature.
- 3] Capacitor expands or contracts according to the change of temperature and the bend of case surface absorbs this expansion or contraction. In operation, case expands about 15mm on the side by the inner insulation oil. If the expansion is below 15mm, it is normal. If the case expands about 15mm and abnormal function is suspicious, should check the current,
  - The current of each phase is within permissible limit of rated current and in 3 phase equilibrium, then capacitor is normal.
- 4] Always check the current of capacitor.
- 5] Check the contact part of breaker or switch used in capacitor circuit once per year. If the contact is bad, capacitor would be operated in single phase or abnormal noise may be heard due to bad connection. High frequency agitation voltage is applied to capacitor leading to notable shortening of life span.

#### < Routine maintenance check points of capacitor >

Check Points	Problems	Solutions	
	Oil leakage at bushing	If oil leaks, change the capacitor.  [Being left for a long time, it may be led to destruction of insulation]	
Leakage of Oil and Damage	Oil leakage at case welding parts	If oil leaks, change the capacitor.  [clean the part where oil leaks and check ther after several days]	
Dama	Damage or rust on the side of outer case	Clean the damage and rust and treat for rust proofing.	
Expansion of Case	Expansion on the side of case	Change the capacitor when it exceeds the standard expansion limit,	
	Overheat due to bad connection of terminal parts	Tighten the terminal, [avoid the agitated place]	
Temperature Rise Bad Connection	The limit of temperature rise of outer case when ambient temperature is 35°C is less than 30 deg.[for High Voltage]	Use ordinary thermometer for measurement. [avoid closed place] Investigate the cause of excessive temperature rise. [transient current or bad connection]	
Insulation Resistance	Insulation resistance shall be more than $1000 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ between terminal batch and earth terminal,	Clean the bushing with dry dust cloth and measure the resistance. Change the one which is below the standard.  For low voltage [500VDC], for high voltage [1000VDC]	

### 6-4 Certificate and Test Report

#### < Certificates for Quality and Evironmental Management >







ISO 14001

ISO 9001

ISO/TS 16949

#### < Type Test Reports >









GB 11024-1

FGH Type Test

IEH Type Test

CESI Type Test

#### < Test Reports of Non -PCB in Insulated Oil >









Jarylec-C

PXE [Phenyl-Xylyl-Ethane]

Sun-Ohm C

Polybutene+Micro WAX





#### 6-5 Order Form

> General	Informat	tion
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Company	
Person who is incharge of	
Contact Number	
Address	
E-mail Address	
Others	

#### > Specification

Type	□ Capacitor Unit	□ Capac	itor Bank		
Line Voltage[V]					
Rated Voltage[V]					
Rated Capacity[Kvar]					
Frequency[Hz]	□ 50Hz	□ 60Hz		22	
Number of Phase	□ One Phase	☐ Three Phase	□ Special	requirements[	]
Quantity	□ EA[Capacitor Unit]			Bank[Capacitor Bank]	
Dimension[mm]	W :	D:	H:		
Color	□ Munsell No 5Y	7/1	□ Special	requirements: Munsell N	10

#### > Installation Condition

Installation Place	□ Indoor □ Outdoor						
Installation Method	□ Cubicle	□ Open Rack		□ Pole m	nounted		
Installation Area	[	]mm	Χ	[	]mm		
Ambient Temperature	□ A [Max +	40℃] □	B [N	Иах +	45℃] □ C	[Max+50℃]	□ D [Max +55°C]

#### > Protection Methods

Protection Methods	□ NVS	□ NCS	
Special requirements			

#### > Attached Facilities

Series Reactor	□ %L=6%	□ %L=8%	□ %L=13%	
	□ Oil Type	□ Dry Type	□ with Discharge Coil	
Discharge Device	□ Coil	□ Resistance	□ Others	
APFCR	S	tep		

<sup>\*</sup> Please contact SAMWHA Capacitor, if you have any questions about us and products.



## Creative Echnology Provider

## Memo





## Memo

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